

# N32A455 系列算法库使用指南

V1.0

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## 版本历史

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|      |            |      |

## 术语及缩略语

| 缩写   | 全拼   |
|------|--|
| AES  | Advance Encryption Standard  |
| DES  | Data Encryption standard   |
| TDES | Triple Data Encryption standard  |
| RNG  | Random Number Generator  |
| SHA  | Secure Hashing Algorithm are required for digital signature applications |

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# 1. 概述

本文档适用于已下载相关算法的 N32A455 芯片，主要说明该类芯片中算法接口和使用方法。

对于 `uint32_t` 数据类型参数，若采用 `uint8_t` 强制转换 `uint32_t` 形式，则需要确保 `uint8_t` 地址按字对齐。

## 1.1. 支持的算法

N32A455 芯片提供的算法如下：

- DES: 加密/解密
- TDES: 加密/解密
- AES: 加密/解密 (AES-128/192/256)
- SM4: 加密/解密
- SM1: 加密/解密
- SM7: 加密/解密
- HASH: 获取摘要，支持 (SHA-1/SHA-224/SHA-256/MD5/SM3)
- RNG: 随机数生成

## 1.2. 基本数据类型

|   |                        |
|---|------------------------|
| <code>typedef unsigned char</code>      | <code>bool;</code>     |
| <code>typedef unsigned char</code>      | <code>uint8_t;</code>  |
| <code>typedef signed char</code>        | <code>s8;</code>       |
| <code>typedef unsigned short</code>     | <code>u16;</code>      |
| <code>typedef signed short</code>       | <code>s16;</code>      |
| <code>typedef unsigned int</code>       | <code>uint32_t;</code> |
| <code>typedef signed int</code>         | <code>s32;</code>      |
| <code>typedef unsigned long long</code> | <code>u64;</code>      |
| <code>typedef signed long long</code>   | <code>s64;</code>      |

## 2. DES/TDES算法API说明

### 2.1. 算法库使用方法

算法库使用方法如下：

1. 将 n32a455\_des.h 、 Type.h 、 n32a455\_algo\_common.h 文件夹中； 将 n32a455\_algo\_common.lib、n32a455\_des.lib 添加到工程中；
2. 按 2.3 节函数说明调用函数，例程见附录一、附录二提供的 demo。

### 2.2. 数据类型定义

```

#define DES_ECB (0x11111111)
#define DES_CBC (0x22222222)
#define DES_ENC (0x33333333)
#define DES_DEC (0x44444444)
#define DES_KEY (0x55555555)
#define TDES_2KEY (0x66666666)
#define TDES_3KEY (0x77777777)
enum DES
{
    DES_Crypto_OK = 0x0,           //DES/TDES operation success
    DES_Init_OK = 0x0,           //DES/TDES Init operation success
    DES_Crypto_ModeError = 0x5a5a5a5a, //Working mode error(Neither ECB nor CBC)
    DES_Crypto_EnOrDeError, //En&De error(Neither encryption nor decryption)
    DES_Crypto_ParaNull, // the part of input(output/iv) Null
    DES_Crypto_LengthError, //the length of input message must be 2 times and cannot be zero
    DES_Crypto_KeyError, //keyMode error(Neither DES_KEY nor TDES_2KEY nor TDES_3KEY)
    DES_Crypto_UnInitError, //DES/TDES uninitialized
};

```

typedef struct

```
{
    uint32_t *in;    // the part of input to be encrypted or decrypted
    uint32_t *iv;    // the part of initial vector
    uint32_t *out;   // the part of out
    uint32_t *key;   // the part of key
    uint32_t inWordLen; // the length(by word) of plaintext or cipher
    uint32_t En_De; // 0x33333333- encrypt, 0x44444444 - decrypt
    uint32_t Mode; // 0x11111111 - ECB, 0x22222222 - CBC
    uint32_t keyMode; //TDES key mode: 0x55555555-key,0x66666666-2key, 0x77777777-3key
}DES_PARM;
```

## 2.3. 函数接口说明

DES 算法库包含的函数列表如下：

表 2-1 DES/TDES 算法库函数表

| 函数   | 描述             |
|--|----------------|
| uint32_t DES_Init(DES_PARM *parm);   | DES/TDES 初始化函数 |
| uint32_t DES_Crypto(DES_PARM *parm)  | DES/TDES 加解密   |
| void DES_Close(void)   | DES/TDES 关闭    |
| void DES_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3],<br>uint8_t *version) | DES 版本获取函数     |

### 2.3.1. DES/TDES算法初始化

#### DES\_Init

#### DES/TDES 算法初始化

函数原型

uint32\_t DES\_Init(DES\_PARM \*parm)

参数说明

parm 输入，指向 DES\_PARM 结构体的指针

返回值

DES\_Init\_OK：初始化成功 其他：初始化错误

## 注意事项

1. 若是 ECB 模式，则参数 iv 可直接用 NULL 替换。

### 2.3.2.DES/TDES算法加解密

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>DES_Crypto</b> | DES/TDES 算法初始化，加解密   |
| 函数原型              | uint32_t DES_Crypto(DES_PARM *parm)  |
| 参数说明              | parm 输入，指向 DES_PARM 结构体的指针   |
| 返回值               | DES_Crypto_OK: 运算正确 其他: 运算错误   |
| 注意事项              | <p>在调用本函数前，若还未初始化或已切换到其他算法，先调用 DES_Init 函数；</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 若是 ECB 模式，则参数 iv1 可直接用 NULL 替换。</li> <li>2. 大量数据作为一整体但分多块进行 CBC 加密时，需注意：<br/>第 X 块数据 (X&gt;1) 调用本函数进行加密，使用的初始向量 IV (IV = iv1) 一定要更新为第 X-1 块数据调用本函数进行加密得到的密文的最后一个分组 (8 字节)。</li> <li>3. 大量数据作为一整体但分多块进行 CBC 解密时，需注意：<br/>第 X 块数据 (X&gt;1) 调用本函数进行解密，使用的初始向量 IV (IV = iv1) 一定要更新为第 X-1 块数据的最后一个分组 (8 字节)。</li> <li>4. 调用方式请参考附录一和附录二。</li> </ol> |

### 2.3.3.DES/TDES关闭

|                  |                       |
|------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>DES_Close</b> | 关闭 DES/TDES 算法时钟和系统时钟 |
| 函数原型             | void DES_Close(void)  |
| 参数说明             |                       |
| 返回值              |                       |

### 2.3.4. 获取DES/TDES库版本信息

#### DES\_Version

获取 DES/TDES 库版本信息

函数原型

```
void DES_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3], uint8_t
```

\*version)

参数说明

type        商业或快速版本  
customer    标准或定制版本  
date        年, 月, 日  
version     //版本 x.x

返回值

注意事项

```
*type = 0x05; // 商业和快速版  
*customer = 0x00; // 标准版本  
date[0] = 18; //Year()  
date[1] = 12; //Month()  
date[2] = 28; //Day ()  
*version = 0x10; //表示版本 1.0
```

## 3. AES算法API说明

### 3.1. 算法库使用方法

算法库使用方法如下：

1. 将 n32a455\_aes.h、Type.h、n32a455\_algo\_common.h 中；将 n32a455\_algo\_common.lib、n32a455\_aes.lib 程中；
2. 按 3.3 节函数说明调用函数，例程见附录三提供的 demo

### 3.2. 数据类型定义

```
#define AES_ECB (0x11111111)
#define AES_CBC (0x22222222)
#define AES_CTR (0x33333333)

#define AES_ENC (0x44444444)
#define AES_DEC (0x55555555)
enum
{
    AES_Crypto_OK = 0x0,    //AES operation success
    AES_Init_OK = 0x0,     //AES Init operation success
    AES_Crypto_ModeError = 0x5a5a5a5a,    //Working mode error(Neither ECB nor CBC nor CTR)
    AES_Crypto_EnOrDeError,    //En&De error(Neither encryption nor decryption)
    AES_Crypto_ParaNull,    // the part of input(output/iv) Null
    AES_Crypto_LengthError,    // if Working mode is ECB or CBC,the length of input message must
    //if Working mode is CTR,the length of input message cannot be
    be 4 times and cannot be zero;
    //if Working mode is CTR,the length of input message cannot be
    zero; othets: return AES_Crypto_LengthError
}
```

*AES\_Crypto\_KeyLengthError, //the keyWordLen must be 4 or 6 or 8; othets:return*

*AES\_Crypto\_KeyLengthError*

*AES\_Crypto\_UnInitError, //AES uninitialized*

};

typedef struct

{

*uint32\_t \*in; // the part of input to be encrypted or decrypted*

*uint32\_t \*iv; // the part of initial vector*

*uint32\_t \*out; // the part of out*

*uint32\_t \*key; // the part of key*

*uint32\_t keyWordLen; // the length(by word) of key*

*uint32\_t inWordLen; // the length(by word) of plaintext or cipher*

*uint32\_t En\_De; // 0x44444444- encrypt, 0x55555555 - decrypt*

*uint32\_t Mode; // 0x11111111 - ECB, 0x22222222 - CBC, 0x33333333 - CTR*

}AES\_PARM;

### 3.3. 函数接口说明

AES 算法库包含的函数列表如下：

表 3-1 AES 算法库函数表

| 函数   | 描述         |
|--|------------|
| uint32_t AES_Init(AES_PARM *parm)  | AES 初始化    |
| uint32_t AES_Crypto(AES_PARM *parm)  | AES 加解密函数  |
| void AES_Close(void)   | AES 关闭函数   |
| void AES_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3],<br>uint8_t *version) | AES 版本获取函数 |

### 3.3.1. AES算法初始化

#### AES\_Init

#### AES 算法初始化

|      |                                   |
|------|-----------------------------------|
| 函数原型 | uint32_t AES_Init(AES_PARM *parm) |
| 参数说明 | parm 输入, 指向 AES_PARM 结构体的指针       |
| 返回值  | AES_Init_OK: 运算正确 其他: 运算错误        |
| 注意事项 | 1.调用方式请参考附录三。                     |

### 3.3.2. AES算法加解密

#### AES\_Crypto

#### AES 算法加解密

|      |   |
|------|---|
| 函数原型 | uint32_t AES_Crypto(AES_PARM *parm)                         |
| 参数说明 | parm 输入, 指向 AES_PARM 结构体的指针                                 |
| 返回值  | AES_Crypto_OK: 运算正确 其他: 运算错误                                |
| 注意事项 | 在调用本函数前, 若还未初始化或已切换到其他算法, 先调用 AES_Init 函数;<br>1.调用方式请参考附录三。 |

### 3.3.3. 关闭AES

#### AES\_Close

#### 关闭 AES 算法时钟和系统时钟

|      |                      |
|------|----------------------|
| 函数原型 | void AES_Close(void) |
| 参数说明 |                      |
| 返回值  |                      |

### 3.3.4 获取AES库版本信息

#### AES\_Version

#### 获取 AES 库版本信息

函数原型 void AES\_Version(uint8\_t \*type, uint8\_t \*customer, uint8\_t date[3], uint8\_t  
\*version)

参数说明 type 商业或快速版本  
customer 标准或定制版本  
date 年, 月, 日  
version //版本 x.x

返回值

注意事项 \*type = 0x05; // 商业和快速版  
\*customer = 0x00; // 标准版本  
date[0] = 18; //Year()  
date[1] = 12; //Month()  
date[2] = 28; //Day ()  
\*version = 0x10; //表示版本 1.0

## 4. HASH算法API说明

包括 SHA1/SHA224/SHA256/MD5/SM3 算法库。

### 4.1. 算法库使用方法

数据输入及输出均采用字节大端顺序。算法库使用方法如下：

1. 将 Type.h 、 n32a455\_hash.h 、 n32a455\_algo\_common.h 加入头文件夹中，将 n32a455\_algo\_common.lib、n32a455\_hash.lib 添加到工程中；
2. 按 4.3 节函数说明调用函数，例程见附录四提供的 demo

### 4.2. 数据类型定义

*enum*

{

*HASH\_SEQUENCE\_TRUE = 0x0105A5A5, //save IV*

*HASH\_SEQUENCE\_FALSE = 0x010A5A5A, //not save IV*

*HASH\_Init\_OK = 0, //hash init success*

*HASH\_Start\_OK = 0, //hash update success*

*HASH\_Update\_OK = 0, //hash update success*

*HASH\_Complete\_OK = 0, //hash complete success*

*HASH\_Close\_OK = 0, //hash close success*

*HASH\_ByteLenPlus\_OK = 0, //byte length plus success*

*HASH\_PadMsg\_OK = 0, //message padding success*

*HASH\_ProcMsgBuf\_OK = 0, //message processing success*

*SHA1\_Hash\_OK = 0, //sha1 operation success*

*SM3\_Hash\_OK = 0, //sm3 operation success*

*SHA224\_Hash\_OK = 0, //sha224 operation success*

*SHA256\_Hash\_OK = 0, //sha256 operation success*

*MD5\_Hash\_OK = 0, //MD5 operation success*

```

HASH_Init_ERROR = 0x01044400, //hash init error
HASH_Start_ERROR, //hash start error
HASH_Update_ERROR, //hash update error
HASH_ByteLenPlus_ERROR, //hash byte plus error
};

typedef struct _HASH_CTX_ HASH_CTX;

typedef struct
{
    const uint16_t HashAlgID; //choice hash algorithm
    const uint32_t * const K, KLen; //K and word length of K
    const uint32_t * const IV, IVLen; //IV and word length of IV
    const uint32_t HASH_SACCR, HASH_HASHCTRL; //relate registers
    const uint32_t BlockByteLen, BlockWordLen; //byte length of block, word length of block
    const uint32_t DigestByteLen, DigestWordLen; //byte length of digest, word length of digest
    const uint32_t Cycle; //iteration times
    uint32_t (* const ByteLenPlus)(uint32_t *, uint32_t); //function pointer
    uint32_t (* const PadMsg)(HASH_CTX *); //function pointer
}HASH_ALG;

typedef struct _HASH_CTX_
{
    const HASH_ALG *hashAlg; //pointer to HASH_ALG
    uint32_t sequence; // TRUE if the IV should be saved
    uint32_t IV[16];
    uint32_t msgByteLen[4];
    uint8_t msgBuf[128+4];

```

```
uint32_t    msgIdx;
}HASH_CTX;
```

### 4.3. 函数接口说明

HASH 算法库包含的函数列表如下：

表 4-1 HASH 算法库函数表

| 函数   | 描述              |
|--|-----------------|
| uint32_t HASH_Init(HASH_CTX *ctx)  | HASH 初始化函数      |
| uint32_t HASH_Start(HASH_CTX *ctx)   | HASH 分步杂凑开始运算函数 |
| uint32_t HASH_Update(HASH_CTX *ctx, uint8_t *in, uint32_t byteLen)                     | HASH 分步杂凑处理函数   |
| uint32_t HASH_Complete(HASH_CTX *ctx, uint8_t *out)                                    | HASH 分步杂凑完成函数   |
| uint32_t HASH_Close(void)  | 关闭 HASH 函数      |
| void HASH_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3], uint8_t *version) | 获取 HASH 算法库版本   |

#### 4.3.1. HASH初始化

##### **HASH\_Init**

HASH 初始化

函数原型

uint32\_t HASH\_Init(HASH\_CTX \*ctx)

参数说明

ctx 输入，指向 HASH\_CTX 结构体的指针

返回值

HASH\_Init\_OK：运算正确 其他值：运算错误

注意事项

1. ctx 必须指向 RAM 区，且指向的内容不可更改(为杂凑计算的中间状态和临时内容存储)，下同
2. 分步计算一段消息的杂凑值时，必须先调用本函数

### 4.3.2.HASH启动运算

#### **HASH\_Start**

HASH 启动运算

函数原型

uint32\_t HASH\_Start(HASH\_CTX \*ctx)

参数说明

ctx 输入，指向 HASH\_CTX 结构体的指针

返回值

HASH\_Start\_OK: 运算正确 其他值: 运算错误

注意事项

1. 若需要 HASH 运算过程中支持中断，将 ctx->sequence 置为 *HASH\_SEQUENCE\_TRUE*，在中断结束后需要重新调用 HASH\_Init 函数，然后再调用 HASH\_Update 函数；否则，置为 *HASH\_SEQUENCE\_FALSE*。
- 2.调用方式请参考附录四。

### 4.3.3.HASH分步处理数据

#### **HASH\_Update**

HASH 分步处理数据

函数原型

uint32\_t HASH\_Update(HASH\_CTX \*ctx, uint8\_t \*in, uint32\_t byteLen)

参数说明

ctx 输入，指向 HASH\_CTX 结构体的指针

in 输入，指要杂凑的信息

byteLen 输入，指杂凑信息的字节长度

返回值

HASH\_Update\_OK: 运算正确 其他值: 运算错误

注意事项

在调用本函数前，若还未初始化或已切换到其他算法，先调用 HASH\_Init 和 HASH\_Start 函数；

1. 调用此函数前必须先调用初始化函数 HASH\_Init 和 HASH\_Start
2. ctx 必须指向 RAM 区，且指向的内容不可更改(为杂凑计算的中间状态和临时内容存储)。
3. in 内容可指向 RAM 或 Flash 区，in 可以是 NULL，计算结果为 NULL 的摘要值。
4. byteLen 可以是 0 或者 NULL，计算结果为 NULL 的摘要值

5. 初始化后，对一整块消息可任意分割成多小块，对每一小块消息可依次调用此函数，最后调用 HASH\_Complete 函数，即可得到这一整块消息的杂凑结果。
6. 若需要级联应用，需要将  $ctx \rightarrow sequence = HASH\_SEQUENCE\_TRUE$ ，把外部的 IV 拷贝到  $ctx \rightarrow IV$ ，并且把已 Update 的数据长度 len 用  $ctx \rightarrow hashAlg \rightarrow ByteLenPlus(ctx \rightarrow msgByteLen, len)$  加到  $ctx \rightarrow msgByteLen$ ，然后调用 HASH\_Update 函数，才能级联成功。
7. 调用方式请参考附录四。

#### 4.3.4. HASH完成并取结果

##### **HASH\_Complete**

##### HASH 完成并取结果

|      |  |
|------|--|
| 函数原型 | uint32_t HASH_Complete(HASH_CTX *ctx, uint8_t *out)  |
| 参数说明 | ctx 输入，指向 HASH_CTX 结构体的指针<br>out 输出，指向 HASH 结果的指针  |
| 返回值  | HASH_Complete_OK: 运算正确 其他值: 运算错误   |
| 注意事项 | 在调用本函数前，若还未初始化或已切换到其他算法，先调用 HASH_Init 和 HASH_Start 函数；<br>1. 消息输入完毕，调用此函数才能获得最终结果，<br>2. ctx 必须指向 RAM 区，且指向的内容不可更改(为杂凑计算的中间状态和临时内容存储)。<br>3. 调用方式请参考附录四。 |

#### 4.3.5. HASH运算关闭

##### **HASH\_Close**

##### HASH 运算关闭

|      |                           |
|------|---------------------------|
| 函数原型 | uint32_t HASH_Close(void) |
| 参数说明 |                           |
| 返回值  | HASH_Close_OK: 运算正确       |

注意事项

### 4.3.6. 获取HASH库版本信息

#### **HASH\_Version**

获取 HASH 库版本信息

函数原型  
\*version)

void HASH\_Version(uint8\_t \*type, uint8\_t \*customer, uint8\_t date[3], uint8\_t

参数说明

type        商业或快速版本  
customer    标准或定制版本  
date        年, 月, 日  
version     //版本 x.x

返回值

注意事项

\*type = 0x05; // 商业和快速版  
\*customer = 0x00; // 标准版本  
date[0] = 18; //Year()  
date[1] = 12; //Month()  
date[2] = 28; //Day ()  
\*version = 0x10; //表示版本 1.0

## 5. SM7算法API说明

### 5.1. 算法库使用方法

算法库使用方法如下：

1. 将 n32a455\_sm7.h 、 Type.h 、 n32a455\_algo\_common.h 加入头文件夹中；将 n32a455\_algo\_common.lib、n32a455\_sm7.lib 添加到工程中；
2. 按 5.3 节函数说明调用函数，例程见附录五提供的 demo

### 5.2 数据类型定义

```
#define SM7_ECB (0x11111111)
#define SM7_CBC (0x22222222)
#define SM7_ENC (0x44444444)
#define SM7_DEC (0x55555555)

enum
{
    SM7_Crypto_OK = 0x0,           //SM7 operation success
    SM7_Init_OK = 0x0,           //SM7 operation success
    SM7_Crypto_ModeError = 0x5a5a5a5a, //Working mode error(Neither ECB nor CBC)
    SM7_Crypto_EnOrDeError,      //En&De error(Neither encryption nor decryption)
    SM7_Crypto_ParaNull,         // the part of input(output/iv) Null
    SM7_Crypto_LengthError,      //the length of input message must be 2 times and cannot be zero
    SM7_UnInitError,            //SM7 uninitialized
};

typedef struct
{
    uint32_t *in;                // the part of input
    uint32_t *iv;                // the part of initial vector
};
```

```
uint32_t *out;           // the part of output
uint32_t *key;          // the part of key
uint32_t inWordLen;     // the length(by word) of plaintext or cipher
uint32_t En_De;        // 0x44444444- encrypt, 0x55555555 - decrypt
uint32_t Mode;         // 0x11111111 - ECB, 0x22222222 - CBC
}SM7_PARM;
```

## 5.3 函数接口说明

SM7 算法库包含的函数列表如下：

表 5-1 SM7 算法库函数表

| 函数  | 描述           |
|---|--------------|
| uint32_t SM7_Init(SM7_PARM *parm)   | SM7 初始化函数    |
| uint32_t SM7_Crypto(SM7_PARM *parm);  | SM7 加解密函数    |
| uint32_t SM7_Close (void)   | 关闭 SM7 模块    |
| void SM7_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3], uint8_t *version) | 获取 SM7 版本库信息 |

### 5.3.1 SM7初始化

#### SM7\_Init

SM7 初始化

函数原型

uint32\_t SM7\_Init(SM7\_PARM \*parm)

参数说明

parm 输入，指向SM7\_PARM结构体的指针

返回值

SM7\_Init\_OK为初始化成功；其他值，初始化失败详见枚举类型定义

注意事项

SM7初始化函数，进行SM7运算必须先执行此函数

### 5.3.2 SM7算法加解密函数

#### SM7\_Crypto

SM7 算法加解密函数

函数原型

uint32\_t SM7\_Crypto(SM7\_PARM \*parm)

|      |               |  |
|------|---------------|--|
| 参数说明 | parm          | 输入，指向 SM7_PARM 结构体的指针                    |
| 返回值  | SM7_Crypto_OK | 为成功，其他值：计算错误，详见枚举类型定义                    |
| 注意事项 |               | 在调用本函数前，若还未初始化或已切换到其他算法，先调用 SM7_Init 函数； |
| 例程   |               | 参见附录五 SM7 算法库函数调用例程                      |

### 5.3.3 关闭SM7

**SM7\_Close** 关闭 SM7 算法系统时钟和算法时钟

函数原型 `uint32_t SM7_Close (void)`

参数说明

返回值

注意事项

### 5.3.4 获取SM7库的版本信息

**SM7\_Close** SM7 库版本函数

函数原型 `void SM7_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3], uint8_t *version)`

参数说明

|          |          |
|----------|----------|
| type     | 商业或快速版本  |
| customer | 标准或定制版本  |
| date     | 年，月，日    |
| version  | //版本 x.x |

返回值

注意事项

```
*type = 0x05; // 商业和快速版
*customer = 0x00; // 标准版本
date[0] = 18; //Year()
```

date[1] = 12; //Month()

date[2] = 28; //Day ()

\*version = 0x10; //表示版本 1.0

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## 6 SM4算法API说明

### 6.1 算法库使用方法

算法库使用方法如下：

1. 将 n32a455\_sm4.h 、 Type.h 、 n32a455\_algo\_common.h 加入头文件夹中，将 n32a455\_algo\_common.lib、n32a455\_sm4.lib 添加到工程中；
2. 按 6.3 节函数说明调用函数，例程见附录六提供的 demo

### 6.2 数据类型定义

```
#define SM4_ECB (0x11111111)
#define SM4_CBC (0x22222222)
#define SM4_ENC (0x33333333)
#define SM4_DEC (0x44444444)

enum{
    SM4_Crypto_OK=0, //SM4 operation success
    SM4_Init_OK=0, //SM4 Init operation success
    SM4_ADRNULL =0x27A90E35, //the address is NULL
    SM4_ModeErr, //working mode error(Neither ECB nor CBC)
    SM4_EnDeErr, // En&De error(Neither encryption nor decryption)
    SM4_LengthErr, //the word length of input error(the word length is 0 or is not as times as 4)
    SM4_UnInitError, //SM4 uninitialized
};

typedef struct{
    uint32_t *in; // the first part of input to be encrypted or decrypted
    uint32_t *iv; // the first part of initial vector
    uint32_t *out; // the first part of out
```

```
uint32_t *key; // the first part of key
uint32_t inWordLen; //the word length of input or output
uint32_t EnDeMode; //encrypt/decrypt
uint32_t workingMode; // ECB/CBC
}SM4_PARM;
```

## 6.3 函数接口说明

SM4 算法库包含的函数列表如下：

表 6-1 SM4 算法库函数表

| 函数   | 描述           |
|--|--------------|
| uint32_t SM4_Init(SM4_PARM *parm)  | SM4 算法初始化函数  |
| uint32_t SM4_Crypto(SM4_PARM *parm)  | SM4 算法加密/解密  |
| void SM4_Close(void)   | SM4 算法关闭     |
| void SM4_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3],<br>uint8_t *version) | 获取 SM4 库版本信息 |

### 6.3.1 SM4模块初始化

#### SM4\_Init

初始化 SM4 模块

函数原型

uint32\_t SM4\_Init(SM4\_PARM \*parm)

参数说明

parm 输入，指向 SM4\_PARM 结构体的指针

返回值

SM4\_Init\_OK：运算正确 其他值：计算错误，详见枚举类型值定义

注意事项

### 6.3.2 SM4算法加解密

#### SM4\_Crypto

SM4 模块算法加解密

函数原型

uint32\_t SM4\_Crypto(SM4\_PARM \*parm)

|      |  |
|------|--|
| 参数说明 | parm 输入，指向 SM4_PARM 结构体的指针   |
| 返回值  | SM4_Crypto_OK: 运算正确 其他值: 计算错误，详见枚举类型值定义  |
| 注意事项 | <p>在调用本函数前，若还未初始化或已切换到其他算法，先调用 SM4_Init 函数；</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 结构体 SM4_PARM 参考 6.2 节 SM4_PARM 的定义。</li> <li>2. 若是 ECB 模式，则参数 iv1 可直接用 NULL 替换</li> <li>3. 大量数据作为一整体但分多块进行 CBC 加密时，需注意：<br/>第 X 块数据 (X&gt;1) 调用本函数进行加密，使用的初始向量 IV (IV = iv1) 一定要更新为第 X-1 块数据调用本函数进行加密得到的密文的最后一个分组 (16 字节)。</li> <li>4. 大量数据作为一整体但分多块进行 CBC 解密时，需注意：<br/>第 X 块数据 (X&gt;1) 调用本函数进行解密，使用的初始向量 IV (IV = iv1) 一定要更新为第 X-1 块数据的最后一个分组 (16 字节)</li> </ol> |

### 6.3.3 SM4关闭

|                  |                      |
|------------------|----------------------|
| <b>SM4_Close</b> | 关闭 SM4 算法时钟和系统时钟     |
| 函数原型             | void SM4_Close(void) |
| 参数说明             |                      |
| 返回值              |                      |
| 注意事项             |                      |

### 6.3.4 获取SM4库版本信息

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>SM4_Version</b> | 获取 SM4 库版本信息  |
| 函数原型               | void SM4_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3], uint8_t *version) |
| 参数说明               | <p>type 商业或快速版本</p> <p>customer 标准或定制版本</p> <p>date 年，月，日</p>                         |

version //版本 x.x

返回值

注意事项

\*type = 0x05; // 商业和快速版

\*customer = 0x00; // 标准版本

date[0] = 18; //Year()

date[1] = 12; //Month()

date[2] = 28; //Day ()

\*version = 0x10; //表示版本 1.0

## 7 RNG算法API说明

### 7.1 算法库使用方法

算法库使用方法如下：

- 1、将 Type.h、n32a455\_rng.h、n32a455\_algo\_common\_1B.h 加入头文件夹中，将 n32a455\_algo\_common.lib 、n32a455\_rng.lib 添加到工程中；
- 2、按 7.3 节函数说明调用函数。

### 7.2 数据类型定义

```
enum{
RNG_OK = 0x5a5a5a5a,
LENErrror = 0x311ECF50, //RNG generation of key length error
ADDRNULL = 0x7A9DB86C, // This address is empty
};
```

### 7.3 函数接口说明

RNG 算法库包含的函数列表如下：

表 7-1 RNG 算法库函数表

| 函数  | 描述              |
|---|-----------------|
| uint32_t GetPseudoRand_U32(uint32_t *rand, uint32_t wordLen, uint32_t seed[2])        | 伪随机数按 word 生成函数 |
| uint32_t GetTrueRand_U32(uint32_t *rand, uint32_t wordLen)                            | 真随机数按字生成函数      |
| void RNG_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3], uint8_t *version) | 获取 RNG 库版本信息    |

### 7.3.1 伪随机生成函数

#### GetPseudoRand\_U32

伪随机数按 word 生成函数

|      |  |
|------|--|
| 函数原型 | uint32_t GetPseudoRand_U32(uint32_t *rand, uint32_t wordLen, uint32_t seed[2]) |
| 参数说明 | rand 指针，指向生成的随机数<br>wordlen: 拟获取伪随机数word长<br>seed[2] 输入，伪随机种子变量数组              |
| 返回值  | RNG_OK 成功；其他 生成伪随机数出错  |
| 说明   | 按word生成伪随机数  |
| 注意事项 | 1. 用户可输入种子数组，如果用户输入seed为NULL，则内部自动生成种子；  |
| 例程   |  |

### 7.3.2 随机数生成函数

#### GetTrueRand\_U32 真随机数生成函数

|      |  |
|------|--|
| 函数原型 | uint32_t GetTrueRand_U32(uint32_t *rand, uint32_t wordLen) |
| 参数说明 | rand: 指针，指向生成的随机数某内存地址<br>wordLen: 拟获取真随机数的字长度             |
| 返回值  | RNG_OK 成功；其他：生成真随机数出错，详见枚举类型值定义                            |
| 注意事项 |  |

### 7.3.3 获取RNG库版本信息

#### RNG\_Version

获取 RNG 库版本信息

|      |   |
|------|---|
| 函数原型 | void RNG_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3], uint8_t *version) |
| 参数说明 | type 商业或快速版本<br>customer 标准或定制版本  |

date 年, 月, 日

version //版本 x.x

返回值

注意事项

\*type = 0x05; // 商业和快速版

\*customer = 0x00; // 标准版本

date[0] = 18; //Year()

date[1] = 12; //Month()

date[2] = 28; //Day ()

\*version = 0x10; //表示版本 1.0

## 8 SM1算法API说明

### 8.1 算法库使用方法

算法库使用方法如下：

1. 将 n32a455\_sm1.h 、 Type.h 、 n32a455\_algo\_common.h 加入头文件夹中，将 n32a455\_algo\_common.lib、n32a455\_sm1.lib 添加到工程中；
2. 按 8.3 节函数说明调用函数，例程见附录八提供的 demo

### 8.2 数据类型定义

```
#define SM1_ECB (0x11111111)
#define SM1_CBC (0x22222222)
#define SM1_ENC (0x44444444)
#define SM1_DEC (0x55555555)
enum{
    SM1_Crypto_OK = 0x0,           //SM1 operation success
    SM1_Init_OK = 0x0,           //SM1 operation success
    SM1_Crypto_ModeError = 0x5a5a5a5a, //Working mode error(Neither ECB nor CBC)
    SM1_Crypto_EnOrDeError,      //En&De error(Neither encryption nor decryption)
    SM1_Crypto_ParaNull,         // the part of input(output/iv) Null
    SM1_Crypto_LengthError,      //the length of input message must be 4 times and cannot be zero
    SM1_UnInitError,            //SM1 uninitialized
};
typedef struct{
    uint32_t *in;                // the part of input
    uint32_t *iv;                // the part of initial vector
    uint32_t *out;               // the part of output
    uint32_t *key;               // the part of key
```

```
uint32_t inWordLen; // the length(by word) of plaintext or cipher
uint32_t En_De; // 0x44444444- encrypt, 0x55555555 - decrypt
uint32_t Mode; // 0x11111111 - ECB, 0x22222222 - CBC
```

```
}SM1_PARM;
```

## 8.3 函数接口说明

SM1 算法库包含的函数列表如下：

表 8-1 SM1 算法库函数表

| 函数   | 描述           |
|--|--------------|
| uint32_t SM1_Init(SM1_PARM *parm)  | SM1 初始化      |
| uint32_t SM1_Crypto(SM1_PARM *parm)  | SM1 算法加密/解密  |
| void SM1_Close(void)   | SM1 算法关闭     |
| void SM1_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3],<br>uint8_t *version) | 获取 SM1 库版本信息 |

### 8.3.1 SM1 模块初始化

#### SM1\_Init

初始化 SM1 模块

函数原型

uint32\_t SM1\_Init(SM1\_PARM \*parm)

参数说明

parm 输入，指向 SM1\_PARM 结构体的指针

返回值

SM1\_Init\_OK：运算正确 其他值：计算错误，详见枚举类型值定义

注意事项

### 8.3.2 SM1 模块初始化加解密

#### SM1\_Crypto

初始化 SM1 模块，加解密

|      |  |
|------|--|
| 函数原型 | uint32_t SM1_Crypto(SM1_PARM *parm)  |
| 参数说明 | parm 输入, 指向 SM1_PARM 结构体的指针  |
| 返回值  | SM1_Crypto_OK: 运算正确 其他值: 计算错误, 详见枚举类型值定义   |
| 注意事项 | <p>在调用本函数前, 若还未初始化或已切换到其他算法, 先调用 SM1_Init 函数;</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. 结构体 SM1_PARM 参考 8.2 节 <i>SM1_PARM 的定义</i>。</li> <li>2. 若是 ECB 模式, 则参数 iv1 可直接用 NULL 替换</li> <li>3. 大量数据作为一整体但分多块进行 CBC 加密时, 需注意:<br/>第 X 块数据 (X&gt;1) 调用本函数进行加密, 使用的初始向量 IV (IV = iv1) 一定要更新为第 X-1 块数据调用本函数进行加密得到的密文的最后一个分组 (16 字节)。</li> <li>4. 大量数据作为一整体但分多块进行 CBC 解密时, 需注意:<br/>第 X 块数据 (X&gt;1) 调用本函数进行解密, 使用的初始向量 IV (IV = iv1) 一定要更新为第 X-1 块数据的最后一个分组 (16 字节)</li> </ol> |

### 8.3.3 SM1关闭

|                  |                      |
|------------------|----------------------|
| <b>SM1_Close</b> | 关闭 SM1 算法时钟和系统时钟     |
| 函数原型             | void SM1_Close(void) |
| 参数说明             |                      |
| 返回值              |                      |
| 注意事项             |                      |

### 8.3.4 获取SM1库版本信息

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>SM1_Version</b> | 获取 SM1 库版本信息  |
| 函数原型               | void SM1_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3], uint8_t *version) |
| 参数说明               | <p>type 商业或快速版本</p> <p>customer 标准或定制版本</p>   |

date 年, 月, 日

version //版本 x.x

返回值

注意事项

\*type = 0x05; // 商业和快速版

\*customer = 0x00; // 标准版本

date[0] = 18; //Year()

date[1] = 12; //Month()

date[2] = 28; //Day ()

\*version = 0x10; //表示版本 1.0

## 9 SM2算法API说明

### 9.1. 算法库使用方法

算法库使用方法如下：

1. 将 n32a455\_sm2.h、n32a455\_rng.h、n32a455\_algo\_common.h 加入头文件夹中，将 n32a455\_algo\_common.lib、n32a455\_sm2.lib、n32a455\_rng.lib 添加到工程中；
2. 按 9.3 节函数说明调用函数，例程见附录九提供的 demo。

### 9.2. 数据类型定义

```
enum
{
    SM2_SUCCESS                = 0,
    SM2_DIV_OK                 = 0,
    SM2_HCAL_OK                = 0,
    SM2_INIT_OK                = 0,
    SM2_MUL_OK                 = 0,
    SM2_MODMUL_OK              = 0,
    SM2_Reverse_OK             = 0,
    SM2_SUB_OK                  = 0,
    SM2_ADD_OK                  = 0,
    SM2_Cpy_OK=0, //copy success
    SM2_XOR_OK=0, //XOR success
    SM2_SetZero_OK = 0,
    SM2_isCurve_Ok = 0,
    SM2_isCurve_Not = 0x05,
    SM2_PointAdd_Ok =0,
    SM2_PointDouble_Ok = 0,
```

```
SM2_PointMul_Ok = 0,
SM2_Sign_Ok = 0,
SM2_Verif_Ok = 0,
SM2_En_Ok = 0,
SM2_De_Ok = 0,
SM2_Exchange_Ok = 0,
SM2_FAIL = 0x01,
SM2_YES = 0x02,
SM2_NOT = 0x03,
ZERO_VALUE_ERROR = 0x04
};

enum{
    SM2_IsZero_NOT = 0, //Big number is not zero
    SM2_Cmp_EQUAL = 0, //Two big number are equal
    SM2_IsOne_NOT = 0, //big number is one
    SM2_IsOne_YES = 1, //big number is not one
    SM2_IsZero_YES = 1, //Big number is zero
    SM2_Cmp_LESS = -1, //The former big number is less than the latter
    SM2_Cmp_GREATER = 1, //The former big number is greater than the latter
    SM2_Reverse_ERROR = 0x7A9E0863, //reverse fail due to src and dst are same
    SM2_ERROR = 3,
    POINT_MUL_ERROR = 4,
    PRIKEY_ERROR = 5,
    LENGTH_TOO_LONG = 6,
    PUBKEY_ERROR = 7,
    FAIL = 8,
    SM2_AddrErr,
    SM2_LengthErr,
```

SM2\_ROLE\_ERR

};

### 9.3. 函数接口说明

SM2 算法库包含的函数列表如下：

表 9-1 SM2 算法库函数表

| 函数  | 描述           |
|---|--------------|
| uint32_t SM2_PointIsOnCrv(uint8_t pubKey[65])   | 判断点是否在曲线上    |
| uint32_t SM2_GetKey(uint8_t priKey[32], uint8_t pubKey[65])   | 生成 SM2 密钥对函数 |
| uint32_t SM2_GetPubKey(uint8_t priKey[32], uint8_t pubKey[65])  | 由私钥获取公钥      |
| uint32_t SM2_Sign(uint8_t E[32], uint8_t priKey[32], uint8_t r[32], uint8_t s[32])  | 签名函数         |
| uint32_t SM2_Verify(uint8_t E[32], uint8_t pubKey[65], uint8_t r[32], uint8_t s[32])  | 验证函数         |
| uint32_t SM2_ExchangeKey (uint8_t role, uint8_t *IDA, uint32_t IDAByteLen, uint8_t *IDB, uint32_t IDBByteLen, uint8_t dA[32], uint8_t PA[65], uint8_t PB[65], uint8_t rA[32], uint8_t RA[65], uint8_t RB[65], uint32_t kByteLen, uint8_t *KA, uint8_t S1[32], uint8_t SA[32]) | 密钥交换         |
| uint32_t SM2_getZ(uint8_t *ID, uint32_t IDByteLen, uint8_t pubKey[65], uint8_t Z[32])   | 身份标识杂凑值计算函数  |
| uint32_t SM2_GetE(uint8_t *M, uint32_t MByteLen, uint8_t Z[32], uint8_t E[32])  | 消息的 HUSH 值   |
| uint32_t SM2_Encrypt(uint8_t *M, uint32_t MByteLen, uint8_t pubKey[65], uint8_t *C, uint32_t *CByteLen)   | 加密函数         |
| uint32_t SM2_Decrypt(uint8_t *C, uint32_t CByteLen, uint8_t priKey[32], uint8_t *M, uint32_t *MByteLen)   | 解密函数         |
| void SM2_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3], uint8_t *version)   | 获取 SM2 算法库版本 |

### 9.3.1. 判断点是否在曲线上

#### **SM2\_PointIsOnCrv** 判断点是否在曲线上模块

函数原型 `uint32_t SM2_PointIsOnCrv(uint8_t pubKey[65])`

参数说明

返回值 `SM2_isCurve_Ok`: 点在曲线上; 其他值: 点不在曲线上, 详见枚举类型定义

注意事项

### 9.3.2. 密钥对生成

#### **SM2\_GetKey** 随机密钥对生成

函数原型 `uint32_t SM2_GetKey(uint8_t priKey[32], uint8_t pubKey[65])`

参数说明

`priKey` 输出, 私钥, 大端输出, 即高位在前低位在后

`pubKey` 输出, 公钥, 大端输出, 首字节是 `0x04`, 然后分别是横、纵坐标

返回值 `SM2_SUCCESS`: 运算正确; 其他值: 计算错误, 详见枚举类型定义

注意事项

1. 私钥即一大数, 要求必须在  $[1, n-2]$  中,  $n$  是 SM2 曲线参数。

### 9.3.3. 私钥生成公钥

#### **SM2\_GetPubKey** 私钥生成公钥

函数原型 `uint32_t SM2_GetPubKey(uint8_t priKey[32], uint8_t pubKey[65])`

参数说明

`priKey` 输入, 私钥, 大端输入, 即高位在前低位在后

`pubKey` 输出, 公钥, 大端输出, 首字节是 `0x04`, 然后分别是横纵坐标

返回值 `SM2_SUCCESS`: 运算正确; 其他值: 计算错误, 详见枚举类型定义

注意事项

1. 私钥即一大数, 要求必须在  $[1, n-2]$  中,  $n$  是 SM2 曲线参数

### 9.3.4. 签名生成

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| <b>SM2_Sign</b> | 签名生成  |
| 函数原型            | uint32_t SM2_Sign(uint8_t E[32], uint8_t priKey[32], uint8_t r[32], uint8_t s[32])  |
| 参数说明            | <p>E        输入，待签名消息的 HASH 值</p> <p>priKey 输入，签名者的私钥</p> <p>r        输出，签名结果</p> <p>s        输出，签名结果</p>  |
| 返回值             | SM2_Sign_Ok: 运算正确；其他值：计算错误，详见枚举类型定义   |
| 注意事项            | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. E 或 prikey 存储介质可以为 RAM 或 FLASH;</li> <li>2. 若 E 或 prikey 为 RAM 存储，则签名结果 r 和 s 可以复用此空间，但需保证空间足够；</li> <li>3. prikey 要求必须在[1, n-1]中。</li> </ol> |

### 9.3.5. 签名验证

|                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <b>SM2_Verify</b> | 签名验证   |
| 函数原型              | uint32_t SM2_Verify(uint8_t E[32], uint8_t pubKey[65], uint8_t r[32], uint8_t s[32])                     |
| 参数说明              | <p>E        输入，待签名消息的 HASH 值</p> <p>pubKey 输入，签名者的公钥</p> <p>r        输入，签名结果</p> <p>s        输入，签名结果</p> |
| 返回值               | SM2_Verif_Ok: 运算正确；其他值：计算错误，详见枚举类型定义   |
| 注意事项              | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. E 或 pubKey 存储介质可以为 RAM 或 FLASH</li> </ol>                      |

### 9.3.6. 密钥协商（交换）

#### SM2\_ExchangeKey

#### 密钥协商（交换）

##### 函数原型

```
uint32_t SM2_ExchangeKey (uint8_t role, uint8_t *IDA, uint32_t IDABByteLen,
uint8_t *IDB, uint32_t IDBByteLen, uint8_t dA[32], uint8_t PA[65], uint8_t
PB[65], uint8_t rA[32], uint8_t RA[65], uint8_t RB[65], uint32_t kByteLen,
uint8_t *KA, uint8_t S1[32], uint8_t SA[32])
```

##### 参数说明

|               |                   |
|---------------|-------------------|
| role          | 输入，角色，1—发起者，0—接受者 |
| IDA           | 输入，发起方 ID         |
| IDABByteLen   | 输入，IDB 的字节数       |
| IDB           | 输入，接受方 ID         |
| IDBByteLen    | 输入，IDB 的字节数       |
| dA[32]        | 输入，己方私钥           |
| PA[65]        | 输入，己方公钥           |
| PB[65]        | 输入，对方公钥           |
| rA[32]        | 输入，己方临时私钥         |
| RA[65]        | 输入，己方临时公钥         |
| RB[65]        | 输入，对方临时公钥         |
| kByteLen      | 输入，协商密钥字节长度       |
| KA [kByteLen] | 输出，协商密钥           |
| S1 [32]       | 输出，己方 S1 值        |
| SA [32]       | 输出，己方 SA 值        |

##### 返回值

SM2\_SUCCESS: 运算正确；其他值：计算错误，详见枚举类型值定义

##### 注意事项

1. 如果计算后的 S1=SB,S2=SA，则密钥交换成功，协商后的密钥为 KA
2. dA、PB、rA、RA、RB、ZA、ZB 存储介质可以为 RAM 或 FLASH
4. 输出参数 KA、S1、SA 不能和输入参数 dA、PB、rA、RA、RB、ZA、ZB 使用同一 buffer。

### 9.3.7. 用户杂凑值

|                 |   |                      |
|-----------------|---|----------------------|
| <b>SM2_getZ</b> | 用户身份标识杂凑值计算函数   |                      |
| 函数原型            | uint32_t SM2_getZ(uint8_t *ID, uint32_t IDByteLen, uint8_t pubKey[65], uint8_t Z[32]) |                      |
| 参数说明            | ID  | 输入, 用户 A 的 ID        |
|                 | IDByteLen   | 输入, 用户 A 的 ID 的字节数   |
|                 | pubKey  | 输入, 用户 A 的公钥, 65 字节  |
|                 | Z[32]   | 输出, 用户 A 的杂凑值, 32 字节 |
| 返回值             | SM2_SUCCESS: 计算成功, 其他值: 计算错误, 详见枚举类型值定义   |                      |
| 注意事项            |   |                      |

### 9.3.8. 消息杂凑值

|                 |  |                           |
|-----------------|--|---------------------------|
| <b>SM2_GetE</b> | 消息的杂凑值计算函数   |                           |
| 函数原型            | uint32_t SM2_GetE(uint8_t *M, uint32_t MByteLen, uint8_t Z[32], uint8_t E[32]) |                           |
| 参数说明            | M  | 输入, 待签名验证消息               |
|                 | MByteLen   | 输入, 待签名验证消息的字节数           |
|                 | Z  | 输入, 签名者的 ID 杂凑值           |
|                 | E  | 输出, 输入值 M 与 Z 的杂凑值, 32 字节 |
| 返回值             | SM2_SUCCESS: 验证成功, 其他值: 验证失败, 签名无效   |                           |
| 注意事项            |  |                           |

### 9.3.9. 加密

|                    |   |        |
|--------------------|---|--------|
| <b>SM2_Encrypt</b> | SM2 加密函数  |        |
| 函数原型               | uint32_t SM2_Encrypt(uint8_t *M, uint32_t MByteLen, uint8_t pubKey[65], uint8_t *C, uint32_t *CByteLen) |        |
| 参数说明               | M   | 输入, 明文 |

MByteLen 输入，明文的字节长度， $0 < \text{MByteLen} < (2^{32}-97)$   
 pubKey 输入，公钥  
 C 输出，密文  
 CByteLen 输出，密文的字节长度，应为 $(\text{MByteLen} + 97)$   
 返回值 SM2\_En\_Ok: 运算正确； 其他值：计算错误，详见枚举类型值定义  
 注意事项

1. M 或 pubkey 存储介质可以为 RAM 或 FLASH;
2. M 和 C 不能是同一 buffer; pubkey 和 C 也不能是同一 buffer;
- 3.按照新的国密规范，密文顺序从 C1||C2||C3 修正为 C1||C3||C2。

### 9.3.10. 解密

**SM2\_Decrypt** 解密

函数原型 `uint32_t SM2_Decrypt(uint8_t *C, uint32_t CByteLen, uint8_t priKey[32], uint8_t *M, uint32_t *MByteLen)`

参数说明  
 C 输入，密文  
 CByteLen 输入，密文的字节长度， $97 < \text{CByteLen} < 2^{32}$   
 priKey 输入，私钥  
 M 输出，明文  
 MByteLen 输出，明文字节长度，应为 $(\text{CByteLen} - 97)$   
 返回值 SM2\_De\_Ok: 运算正确； 其他值：计算错误，详见枚举类型值定义  
 注意事项

1. C 或 prikey 存储介质可以为 RAM 或 FLASH。
2. M 和 C 不能是同一 buffer
- 3.若 prikey 为 RAM 存储，则 M 可以复用此空间，但需保证空间足够
- 4.按照新的国密规范，密文顺序从 C1||C2||C3 修正为 C1||C3||C2

### 9.3.11. 获取SM2库版本信息

#### SM2\_Version

获取 SM2 库版本信息

#### 函数原型

```
void SM2_Version(uint8_t *type, uint8_t *customer, uint8_t date[3], uint8_t
```

#### \*version)

#### 参数说明

```
type      商业或快速版本  
customer  标准或定制版本  
date      年, 月, 日  
version   //版本 x.x
```

#### 返回值

#### 注意事项

```
*type = 0x05; // 商业和快速版  
*customer = 0x00; // 标准版本  
date[0] = 18; //Year()  
date[1] = 12; //Month()  
date[2] = 28; //Day ()  
*version = 0x10; //表示版本 1.0
```

## i. 附录一 DES 算法库函数调用例程

```

uint32_t DES_test()
{
    uint32_t i,flag1,flag2,flag3,flag4;
    uint32_t ret;
    DES_PARM DES_Parm={0};
    /*若需要修改测试实例，当参数的真实值为“0x0102030405060708”时，由于u32数据是字节小端序存储，在对以上参数进行初始化赋值时，请输入“0x04030201,0x08070605”.若无特殊说明，本例程参数都以这种方式设置*/

    uint32_t in1 [16]={
        0x5FE2D4C0,0xAEAE3F30,0x692930A8,0x1DA69A51,0xDD34B34B,0xAF8D237A,0x2114F489,
        0xE461FF17,0x47C795FD,0x8FF62B49,0x62E9BD63,0x1AF52817,0xECB9DFD4,0xE04421C9,
        0x87B4B22E,0x9FF98759
    };

    uint32_t key1 [2]={0x946AB06B,0x2276E632};

    uint32_t iv1 [2]={0x482A8C66,0xC324FC78};
    uint32_t out[16];

    uint32_t
    DES_ECB_EN[16]={0x2FD8D31F,0xC3E2E705,0x4B6D1C4C,0x31EB4154,0xDA273EEC,
        0x8EED57DA,0x26FDE038,0x15B0D57D,0xBCE7464F,0x78D7997A,
        0x4F9917D7,0xAE9C1DA9,0x749FEAEE,0xDFE6A911,0x34D556D5,
        0xA32FA0A2};

    /*DES_ECB_EN=0x1FD3D82F05E7E2C34C1C6D4B5441EB31EC3E27DADA57ED8E38E0FD26
    7DD5B0154F46E7BC7A99D778D717994FA91D9CAEEEEEA9F7411A9E6DFD556D534A2A02FA3*/

```

uint32\_t

```
DES_ECB_DE[16]={0xBD77D94A,0xCF5698BB,0xF113743F,0x0FCFC898,0x7DD21DA8,  
0x3908A674,0x65303E6C,0x56CB0E02,0xF0B14651,0x3BBB36AB,  
0x8C129CC3,0xC42D5DD0,0x74549F20,0x5A7E5029,0xE5334FE2,  
0xD5ED9CA8};
```

```
/*DES_ECB_DE=0x4AD977BDBB9856CF3F7413F198C8CF0FA81DD27D74A608396C3E30650  
20ECB565146B1F0AB36BB3BC39C128CD05D2DC4209F547429507E5AE24F33E5A89CEDD5*/
```

uint32\_t

```
DES_CBC_EN[16]={0x236813B0,0x14D3A0CA,0xDB57CA2F,0x073FADB0,0x83577985,  
0x7DEBA1CB,0xD5410854,0x2C0E74D8,0x8B8019BB,0xBAB789EF,  
0xF93DEC2E,0xD1BFE8F4,0xE061C81D,0x2F620219,0x662759FF,  
0x77CABBF6};
```

```
/*DES_CBC_EN=0xB0136823CAA0D3142FCA57DBB0AD3F0785795783CBA1EB7D540841D5  
D8740E2CBB19808BEF89B7BA2EEC3DF9F4E8BFD11DC861E01902622FFF592766F6BBCA77*/
```

uint32\_t

```
DES_CBC_DE[16]={0xF55D552C,0x0C7264C3,0xAEF1A0FF,0xA161F7A8,0x14FB2D00,  
0x24AE3C25,0xB8048D27,0xF9462D78,0xD1A5B2D8,0xDFDAC9BC,  
0xCBD5093E,0x4BDB7699,0x16BD2243,0x408B783E,0x098A9036,  
0x35A9BD61};
```

```
/*DES_CBC_DE=0x2C555DF5C364720CFFA0F1AEA8F761A1002DFB14253CAE24278D04B87  
82D46F9D8B2A5D1BCC9DADF3E09D5CB9976DB4B4322BD163E788B4036908A0961BDA935*/
```

```
Cpy_U32(out, in1,16);
```

```
DES_Parm.in = out;
```

```
DES_Parm.key = key1;
```

```
DES_Parm.out = out;
```

```
DES_Parm.inWordLen = 16;
```

```
DES_Parm.keyMode = DES_KEY;
DES_Parm.Mode = DES_ECB;
DES_Parm.En_De = DES_ENC;
ret = DES_Init(&DES_Parm);
ret = DES_Crypto(&DES_Parm);
DES_Close();
if (ret!= DES_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(DES_ECB_EN,16, out,16))
    {
        flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag1=0;
    }
}
Cpy_U32(out, in1,16);
DES_Parm.En_De = DES_DEC;
ret = DES_Init(&DES_Parm);
ret=(DES_Crypto(&DES_Parm));
DES_Close();
if (ret!= DES_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;
```

```
}  
else  
{  
    if(Cmp_U32(DES_ECB_DE,16, out,16))  
    {  
        flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        flag2=0;  
    }  
}  
Cpy_U32(out, in1,16);  
DES_Parm.iv = iv1;  
DES_Parm.Mode = DES_CBC;  
DES_Parm.En_De = DES_ENC;  
ret = DES_Init(&DES_Parm);  
ret=(DES_Crypto(&DES_Parm));  
DES_Close();  
if (ret!= DES_Crypto_OK)  
{  
    flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
    if(Cmp_U32(DES_CBC_EN,16, out,16))  
    {  
        flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;  
    }  
}
```

```
else
{
    flag3=0;
}
}
Cpy_U32(out, in1,16);
DES_Parm.iv = iv1;
DES_Parm.En_De = DES_DEC;
ret = DES_Init(&DES_Parm);
ret=(DES_Crypto(&DES_Parm));
DES_Close();
if (ret!= DES_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(DES_CBC_DE,16, out,16))
    {
        flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag4=0;
    }
}

if (flag1|flag2|flag3|flag4)
{
```

```
    return 0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
    return 0;  
}  
}
```

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## ii.附录二 TDES算法库函数调用例程

```

uint32_t TDES_2Key_test()
{
    uint32_t i,flag1,flag2,flag3,flag4;
    uint32_t ret;
    DES_PARM TDES_Parm={0};
    /*若需要修改测试实例，当参数的真实值为“0x0102030405060708”时，由于u32数据是字节
    小端序存储，在对以上参数进行初始化赋值时，请输入“0x04030201,0x08070605”。若无特殊说明，
    本例程参数都以这种方式设置*/
    uint32_t in1[16]={
        0x3C7EB08D,0xAFD2FDE9,0x22245D10,0x148AE53D,0xC70F11D1,0x0813FEDF,
        0xED8A71D7,0xA66B2FAA,0x137DAC5A,0x9A7850D6,0xFDE9C4AB,0xC1C6856E,
        0x05CDB663,0xF7D812E4,0x86341DEB,0xBA52B237
    };

    uint32_t key1[4]={0x81F08C18,0x5C6BE38C,0x4D6A6563,0xFF220031};

    uint32_t iv1[2]={0xB5CC3A62,0xC96EF050};

    uint32_t out[16];

    uint32_t
    TDES_ECB_EN[16]={0x42976179,0x3A15FDA5,0x278639E4,0x3F4D2DDD,0x987EAF74,
        0x17376CD5,0x9BE1CAB1,0x5501A0BA,0xD18D511B,0x11054F45,
        0x7EAC1828,0x375B9DAD,0x3823A312,0x8EE802FF,0xF2F00328,
        0x3F81CF19};

    /*TDES_ECB_EN=0x79619742A5FD153AE4398627DD2D4D3F74AF7E98D56C3717B1CAE19B
    BAA001551B518DD1454F05112818AC7EAD9D5B3712A32338FF02E88E2803F0F219CF813F*/

```

uint32\_t

```
TDES_ECB_DE[16]={0x58AD407C,0x76B43ED7,0x23B44DDA,0x22EC376C,0x50311263,  
0xECC57D42,0x2FA5ADAA,0xE7A099A0,0x287DBD9B,0x3951FD62,  
0x530A3728,0x9AAFA2D3,0x0C41708F,0x5BFE1BCC,0x3B21EE97,  
0xE29E749A};
```

```
/*TDES_ECB_DE=0x7C40AD58D73EB476DA4DB4236C37EC2263123150427DC5ECAADA5  
2FA099A0E79BBD7D2862FD513928370A53D3A2AF9A8F70410CCC1BFE5B97EE213B9A749EE2*/
```

uint32\_t

```
TDES_CBC_EN[16]={0x3723A485,0x3E2EEB10,0x9E5434C4,0x2692C8FD,0x978D5743,  
0x10CBCFD7,0x873A396C,0xD9CF6AEB,0x5C8953FC,0xD62F3744,  
0xDE2D0B60,0x1DA22B35,0x00793D6F,0x543CD424,0x833BE660,  
0x05703F52};
```

```
/*TDES_CBC_EN=0x85A4233710EB2E3EC434549EFDC8922643578D97D7CFCB106C393A87E  
B6ACFD9FC53895C44372FD6600B2DDE352BA21D6F3D790024D43C5460E63B83523F7005*/
```

uint32\_t

```
TDES_CBC_DE[16]={0xED617A1E,0xBFDAACE87,0x1FCAFD57,0x8D3ECA85,0x72154F73,  
0xF84F987F,0xE8AABC7B,0xEFB3677F,0xC5F7CC4C,0x9F3AD2C8,  
0x40779B72,0x00D7F205,0xF1A8B424,0x9A389EA2,0x3EEC58F4,  
0x1546667E};
```

```
/*TDES_CBC_DE=0x1E7A61ED87CEDABF57FDCA1F85CA3E8D734F15727F984FF87BBCAA  
E87F67B3EF4CCCF7C5C8D23A9F729B774005F2D70024B4A8F1A29E389AF458EC3E7E664615*/
```

```
TDES_Parm.in = in1;
```

```
TDES_Parm.key = key1;
```

```
TDES_Parm.out = out;
```

```
TDES_Parm.inWordLen = 16;
```

```
TDES_Parm.keyMode = TDES_2KEY;
TDES_Parm.Mode = DES_ECB;
TDES_Parm.En_De = DES_ENC;
ret = DES_Init(&TDES_Parm);
ret=(DES_Crypto(&TDES_Parm));
DES_Close();
if (ret!= DES_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{

if(Cmp_U32(TDES_ECB_EN,16, out,16))
    {
        flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag1=0;
    }
}

TDES_Parm.En_De = DES_DEC;
ret = DES_Init(&TDES_Parm);
ret=(DES_Crypto(&TDES_Parm));
DES_Close();
if (ret!= DES_Crypto_OK)
{
```

```
    flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
  
    if(Cmp_U32(TDES_ECB_DE,16, out,16))  
    {  
        flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        flag2=0;  
    }  
}  
  
TDES_Parm.iv = iv1;  
TDES_Parm.Mode = DES_CBC;  
TDES_Parm.En_De = DES_ENC;  
ret = DES_Init(&TDES_Parm);  
ret=(DES_Crypto(&TDES_Parm));  
DES_Close();  
if (ret!= DES_Crypto_OK)  
{  
    flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
  
    if(Cmp_U32(TDES_CBC_EN,16, out,16))
```

```
{
    flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    flag3=0;
}
}

TDES_Parm.iv = iv1;
TDES_Parm.En_De = DES_DEC;
ret = DES_Init(&TDES_Parm);
ret=(DES_Crypto(&TDES_Parm));
DES_Close();
if (ret!= DES_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{

if(Cmp_U32(TDES_CBC_DE,16, out,16))
{
    flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    flag4=0;
}
}
```

```
}  
  
if (flag1|flag2|flag3|flag4)  
{  
    return 0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
    return 0;  
}  
}
```

```
uint32_t TDES_3Key_test()  
{  
    uint32_t i,flag1,flag2,flag3,flag4,ret=0;  
    DES_PARM TDES_Parm={0};  
    uint32_t in1[16]= {  
  
        0x3C7EB08D,0xAFD2FDE9,0x22245D10,0x148AE53D,0xC70F11D1,0x0813FEDF,0xED8A71D7,  
0xA66B2FAA,  
  
        0x137DAC5A,0x9A7850D6,0xFDE9C4AB,0xC1C6856E,0x05CDB663,0xF7D812E4,0x86341DEB  
,0xBA52B237  
    };  
    uint32_t  
    key1[6]={0x675BE5D2,0x1641A6AD,0x14531A6B,0xEBFA006E,0x90DFD0CD,0x2D029B93};
```

```
uint32_t iv1[2]={0xB5CC3A62,0xC96EF050};
```

```
uint32_t out[16];
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
TDES_ECB_EN[16]={0x5D6C633C,0x8EDFC4C7,0x3D02A02C,0x97431789,0x83EF4C36,0xFF591C  
67,0xE869DB08,0xAB82D05B,
```

```
0x11771439,0xDC6F79BB,0x5B46D128,0xF52114F5,0x2C758CB4,0x1A4D1A6A,0x0DC3FBCA,0x82  
222BB2};
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
TDES_ECB_DE[16]={0x6780A75A,0x62EC1AC8,0xD0341FF5,0x2260C44E,0xF2720589,0xB0EBBB  
E0,0xBFE0991D,0x1EA78C1C,
```

```
0xBAB53D00,0xE3FA25D6,0x9430DEF4,0xC465511C,0xEE9D2DFB,0x9796AADC,0x4FFFEF58,0x1  
72D00A2};
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
TDES_CBC_EN[16]={0x048BD8AD,0xF98F2C51,0x5F6FD563,0xA26A1038,0x8017FC81,0xBBD5A  
F4C,0x0A7AEFF,0xB7D428A1,
```

```
0x316E31F7,0xD8F283E1,0xDDD4395F,0x8076C2D0,0x0434D1E9,0xD1A94D4D,0xFF3E3B5E,0x77  
C93116};
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
TDES_CBC_DE[16]={0xD24C9D38,0xAB82EA98,0xEC4AAF78,0x8DB239A7,0xD0565899,0xA4615  
EDD,0x78EF88CC,0x16B472C3,
```

```
0x573F4CD7,0x45910A7C,0x874D72AE,0x5E1D01CA,0x1374E950,0x56502FB2,0x4A32593B,0xE0F  
51246};
```

```
TDES_Parm.in = in1;
TDES_Parm.key = key1;
TDES_Parm.out = out;
TDES_Parm.inWordLen = 16;
TDES_Parm.keyMode = TDES_3KEY;
TDES_Parm.Mode = DES_ECB;
TDES_Parm.En_De = DES_ENC;
ret = DES_Init(&TDES_Parm);
DES_Crypto(&TDES_Parm);
DES_Close();

if(Cmp_U32(TDES_ECB_EN,16, out,16))
{
    flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    flag1=0;
}

TDES_Parm.En_De = DES_DEC;
ret = DES_Init(&TDES_Parm);
DES_Crypto(&TDES_Parm);
DES_Close();

if(Cmp_U32(TDES_ECB_DE,16, out,16))
{
    flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
}
```

```
else
{
    flag2=0;
}

TDES_Parm.iv = iv1;

TDES_Parm.Mode = DES_CBC;
TDES_Parm.En_De = DES_ENC;
ret = DES_Init(&TDES_Parm);
DES_Crypto(&TDES_Parm);
DES_Close();

if(Cmp_U32(TDES_CBC_EN,16, out,16))
{
    flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    flag3=0;
}

TDES_Parm.iv = iv1;
TDES_Parm.En_De = DES_DEC;
ret = DES_Init(&TDES_Parm);
DES_Crypto(&TDES_Parm);
DES_Close();

if(Cmp_U32(TDES_CBC_DE,16, out,16))
```

```
{  
    flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
    flag4=0;  
}  
  
if (flag1|flag2|flag3|flag4)  
{  
    return 0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
  
else  
{  
    return 0;  
}  
}
```

### iii.附录三 AES算法库函数调用例程

```

uint32_t AES_128_test()
{
    uint32_t flag1,flag2,flag3,flag4,flag5,flag6;
    uint32_t ret;
    AES_PARM AES_Parm={0};
    /*若需要修改测试实例，当参数的真实值为“0x0102030405060708”时，由于u32数据是字节小端序存储，在对以上参数进行初始化赋值时，请输入“0x04030201,0x08070605”.若无特殊说明，本例程参数都以这种方式设置*/
    uint32_t
in[32]={0x4A8770A5,0x73C2DA98,0xF52D52D1,0x5F884A46,0x8DCF72D5,0x2A0F207D,
    0x7479F5CE,0x3FB5BE9E,0x3D7998FE,0x7C59586D,0x30E1294B,0xB3E17790,
    0xCA080CBD,0x2AB47913,0x3B09B803,0x1B410FE7,0xE64237EF,0x3576BE5E,
    0xE4D7AAF6,0x19495FB0,0x812DC3B1,0xDD339F7A,0xBE6F495F,0x8CB0803A,
    0xCD0D9760,0xA4C0D6D4,0x98381DBB,0x9769CA10,0x3B67DD99,0x4C335A1A,
    0x85D4EFC8,0x9BAAD700};
    /*in=0xA570874A98DAC273D1522DF5464A885FD572CF8D7D200F2ACEF579749EBEB53FFE9
    8793D6D58597C4B29E1309077E1B3BD0C08CA1379B42A03B8093BE70F411BEF3742E65EBE7635
    F6AAD7E4B05F4919B1C32D817A9F33DD5F496FBE3A80B08C60970DCDD4D6C0A4BB1D389810
    CA699799DD673B1A5A334CC8EFD48500D7AA9B*/
    uint32_t key[4]={0x7FDDA35D,0x7D5C725B,0x1960F327,0x4FD9DDA2};
    /*key=0x5DA3DD7F5B725C7D27F36019A2DDD94F*/
    uint32_t iv[4]={0x7B00FE39,0xD3E06638,0xD52BC983,0x38E98017};
    /*iv=0x39FE007B3866E0D383C92BD51780E938*/

    uint32_t out[32];

```

```
uint32_t AES_ECB_EN[32]={0xB24E5438,0x0145A303,0xC450A27F,0x2ADEEE70,0x906F314E,  
0xB24229AD,0x1312360E,0x949C8B22,0xE2C1BC02,0x1960239E,  
0xCAD2D5E5,0x8DC57DE2,0x13429CE1,0xE8FC0876,0xCA4581DB,  
0x08019050,0x4B2942F8,0xD6073C62,0x113FB648,0x1967CC27,  
0x250B9989,0x861180E0,0x1A450E0C,0x81D727AF,0xB679608E,  
0x53D31669,0x1D071E99,0x42CEB6DB,0x44094205,0xD0331668,  
0x2704B798,0x6E347E9C};
```

```
/*AES_ECB_EN=0x38544EB203A345017FA250C470EEDE2A4E316F90AD2942B20E361213228  
B9C9402BCC1E29E236019E5D5D2CAE27DC58DE19C42137608FCE8DB8145CA50900108F842294  
B623C07D648B63F1127CC671989990B25E08011860C0E451AAF27D7818E6079B66916D353991E07  
1DDBB6CE4205420944681633D098B704279C7E346E*/
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
AES_ECB_DE[32]={0x818D1AFD,0xEC4B4F8E,0x69D9F9FF,0x5567B549,0x42DD5C4B,  
0x3BCA1DD3,0xF318E616,0x89297FEC,0x2A3E0A06,0xFDA90D61,  
0x93DCAE5D,0xCF1AFEAE,0x3CF5A889,0x4CFFFEFE3,0xB2C42607,  
0x37D43F8A,0x9C1CD1D8,0x2FE878E8,0x22D941C3,0x239B9D2D,  
0xD9FEB719,0xA4F9E01C,0xC9C39FE8,0x336B01FA,0xFD12E415,  
0x2B6A0006,0x4A35AFBC,0xA7942FAB,0x09DF0A3A,0x9545521B,  
0x7E009336,0x030A5DA5};
```

```
/*AES_ECB_DE=0xFD1A8D818E4F4BECFFF9D96949B567554B5CDD42D31DCA3B16E618F3  
EC7F2989060A3E2A610DA9FD5DAEDC93AEFE1ACF89A8F53CE3EFFF4C0726C4B28A3FD437D  
8D11C9CE878E82FC341D9222D9D9B2319B7FED91CE0F9A4E89FC3C9FA016B3315E412FD06006  
A2BBCAF354AAB2F94A73A0ADF091B5245953693007EA55D0A03*/
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
AES_CBC_EN[32]={0x8A83E006,0xAC3AB610,0x0CD2C4CB,0x21F22AA9,0x61963E3C,  
0x992FDE54,0x7E408523,0x749261FF,0xE159802D,0xBC807E3C,  
0x1C16AF67,0xE7574629,0x73573225,0xEE88600D,0x324FE0BB,
```

```
0x7426A48C,0x8EA9E470,0x4DB1BE0F,0x9DC49C2E,0xAD41A05B,  
0x9E7C9143,0x15F55BF2,0xF4E7195D,0x2D9E1E46,0xB78E9809,  
0xF8F831D0,0x12F1890A,0x0CABFF9C,0x49E6FCE6,0x6156CDA5,  
0xFFE38EF7,0x4962AF1D};
```

```
/*AES_CBC_EN=0x06E0838A10B63AACCBC4D20CA92AF2213C3E966154DE2F992385407EF  
F6192742D8059E13C7E80BC67AF161C294657E7253257730D6088EEBBE04F328CA4267470E4A98  
E0FBEB14D2E9CC49D5BA041AD43917C9EF25BF5155D19E7F4461E9E2D09988EB7D031F8F80A  
89F1129CFB0CE6FCE649A5CD5661F78EE3FF1DAF6249*/
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
AES_CBC_DE[32]={0xFA8DE4C4,0x3FAB29B6,0xBCF2307C,0x6D8E355E,0x085A2CEE,  
0x4808C74B,0x0635B4C7,0xD6A135AA,0xA7F178D3,0xD7A62D1C,  
0xE7A55B93,0xF0AF4030,0x018C3077,0x30A6B78E,0x82250F4C,  
0x8435481A,0x5614DD65,0x055C01FB,0x19D0F9C0,0x38DA92CA,  
0x3FBC80F6,0x918F5E42,0x2D14351E,0x2A225E4A,0x7C3F27A4,  
0xF6599F7C,0xF45AE6E3,0x2B24AF91,0xC4D29D5A,0x318584CF,  
0xE6388E8D,0x946397B5};
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
AES_CTR_EN[32]={0xF14C3DA0,0xA74E1089,0x81480939,0x5C8D4E8D,0x655E20AB,  
0x6D797028,0x1E355F48,0x58184929,0x52B1495A,0xC15EB91D,0xFBD499AB,  
0xF59B39FE,0x96DAE1C3,0x6ECC9CDA,0xDA1FB535,0xAA1C74B2,0xA3F19C5E,  
0x9944E1A6,0xDAA05E9A,0xB96278E3,0x1E4915FC,0xB77FBBD2,0x92BA80B9,  
0xCA97857E,0x509D0365,0x78A6FD99,0xB56F5B3C,0xFBEBFF5B2,0xF9E928C6,  
0xBC28AE3A,0xD8B82D7A,0xA99BF98D};
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
AES_CTR_DE[32]={0x4A8770A5,0x73C2DA98,0xF52D52D1,0x5F884A46,0x8DCF72D5,0x2A0F207  
D,  
0x7479F5CE,0x3FB5BE9E,0x3D7998FE,0x7C59586D,0x30E1294B,0xB3E17790,
```

```
0xCA080CBD,0x2AB47913,0x3B09B803,0x1B410FE7,0xE64237EF,0x3576BE5E,  
0xE4D7AAF6,0x19495FB0,0x812DC3B1,0xDD339F7A,0xBE6F495F,0x8CB0803A,  
0xCD0D9760,0xA4C0D6D4,0x98381DBB,0x9769CA10,0x3B67DD99,0x4C335A1A,  
0x85D4EFC8,0x9BAAD700};
```

```
/*AES_CBC_DE=0xC4E48DFAB629AB3F7C30F2BC5E358E6DEE2C5A084BC70848C7B43506  
AA35A1D6D378F1A71C2DA6D7935BA5E73040AFF077308C018EB7A6304C0F25821A48358465D  
D1456FB015C05C0F9D019CA92DA38F680BC3F425E8F911E35142D4A5E222AA4273F7C7C9F59F  
6E3E65AF491AF242B5A9DD2C4CF8485318D8E38E6B5976394*/
```

```
Cpy_U32(out, in,32);  
AES_Parm.in = out;  
AES_Parm.key = key;  
AES_Parm.iv = iv;  
AES_Parm.out = out;  
  
AES_Parm.keyWordLen = 4;  
AES_Parm.inWordLen = 32;  
  
AES_Parm.Mode = AES_ECB;  
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_ENC;  
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);  
ret = AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);  
AES_Close();  
  
if(ret!= AES_Crypto_OK)  
{  
    flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else
```

```
{
    if(Cmp_U32(AES_ECB_EN, 32, out, 32))
    {
        flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag1=0;
    }
}
Cpy_U32(out, in,32);
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_DEC;
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);
ret = AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);
AES_Close();
if(ret!= AES_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(AES_ECB_DE, 32, out, 32))
    {
        flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag2=0;
    }
}
```

```
    }  
}  
  
//CBC  
Cpy_U32(out, in,32);  
AES_Parm.Mode = AES_CBC;  
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_ENC;  
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);  
ret = AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);  
AES_Close();  
if(ret!= AES_Crypto_OK)  
{  
    flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
    if(Cmp_U32(AES_CBC_EN, 32, out, 32))  
    {  
        flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        flag3=0;  
    }  
}  
Cpy_U32(out, in,32);  
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_DEC;  
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);  
ret = AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);  
AES_Close();
```

```
if(ret!= AES_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(AES_CBC_DE, 32, out, 32))
    {
        flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag4=0;
    }
}
//CTR
Cpy_U32(out, in,32);
AES_Parm.Mode = AES_CTR;
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_ENC;
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);
ret = AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);
AES_Close();
if(ret!= AES_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag5=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(AES_CTR_EN, 32, out, 32))
```

```
{
    flag5=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    flag5=0;
}
}
Cpy_U32(out, AES_CTR_EN,32);
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_DEC;
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);
ret = AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);
AES_Close();
if(ret!= AES_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag6=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(AES_CTR_DE, 32, out, 32))
    {
        flag6=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag6=0;
    }
}
}
```

```
if (flag1|flag2|flag3|flag4|flag5|flag6)
{
    return 0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    return 0;
}
}

uint32_t AES_192_test()
{
    uint32_t flag1,flag2,flag3,flag4,flag5,flag6,ret=0;
    AES_PARM AES_Parm={0};

    uint32_t
in[32]={0x5A42C72C,0x09F16329,0xE9BD742B,0xB403E0FF,0xBA43D804,0xDE77B9E1,0xE1A330
77,0xE3AEA215,

    0x2670CBEB,0x160CA5C2,0x86808BEA,0x3D7A9E73,0xB16E68A0,0x12E5BF98,0x8A18EC5F,
0xC4BD0D05,

    0xAB21B81D,0x7477E171,0xDE6FFE4,0xB80B68F8,0xA4AF05A1,0x1C77249A,0xB2CCA806,
0x9C3A69BA,

    0x6F7CD7A9,0x2BD9E19F,0x78B41533,0x2F5E08F7,0x1C2EF8F1,0x03D4B04F,0xE0EAAC56,0
x73CC7E9C};
```

uint32\_t

key[6]={0xA1148977,0xCFA42A1F,0x9D983F36,0x521C1313,0xDAD2CB6F,0xC6254819};

uint32\_t iv[4]={0xFCAA7077,0x44DB6BB5,0xDC74178D,0xA91A44D6};

uint32\_t out[32];

uint32\_t

AES\_ECB\_EN[32]={0x9FCB396D,0xF9A6B55C,0x4CCE7669,0x917CAF2F,0x71F8907D,0xC689393  
6,0x5ABA1DFB,0xA933FF81,

0xBD33847F,0x0F1B2F6C,0x1B4ACA7,0xE555E2EE,0x0CBD4683,0x76ECD138,0x7BFE81E8,  
0xE05FE788,

0xAF688124,0xED29ACF2,0xCE424458,0x8E304A1C,0xE5A21E6C,0x3C7D433A,0x32DC028D,  
0x697F9624,

0xB451070E,0xF82A4488,0x33D99F4C,0x7FBCC3E,0x8BB01E57,0x0C1EE01B,0x6D96FF7F,0  
xDEC84BD8};

uint32\_t

AES\_ECB\_DE[32]={0x41F29D18,0x13C52105,0xB24DBDDD,0x46B6BAB9,0x95F63F1A,0x28B24F  
73,0xAA774293,0xA086E548,

0xD446667D,0xF8D67CCE,0x7AC5BD02,0xE43EE791,0x25B857B4,0x30A3D7FB,0x8DB4C416,  
0xAE6B0B0C,

0x0F7E89E1,0xBA900B96,0x516EC69B,0xBED1D082,0x3590FD32,0x878C5EE5,0x91B71430,0x  
6A005A7F,

0x0627EF04,0x28D96A77,0xF8DCDCFC,0x790D0304,0x02149E37,0xDC8E518D,0x80D75D77,0x80670408};

uint32\_t

AES\_CBC\_EN[32]={0xE5682F2E,0x07A087E9,0x37D60ED6,0x41262C81,0xD69A23B5,0x1800A3FD,0xAC50301D,0xB12F3C5E,

0x568A1F62,0xC1057524,0x7E7D09BC,0x26F42541,0x5C2FB09B,0x12C68EFC,0xE03B2AF8,0x6E2C9934,

0xD805445F,0x3876A6E4,0xCA85688F,0xD1116501,0x2DE18902,0xCBFD9B2,0x57911796,0x0719A673,

0x3915B680,0x3B760C23,0x23F715DE,0x6D3425B9,0x9C339EF5,0x6C91D7B0,0x050E91DA,0x286AB477};

uint32\_t

AES\_CBC\_DE[32]={0xBD58ED6F,0x571E4AB0,0x6E39AA50,0xEFACFE6F,0xCFB4F836,0x21432C5A,0x43CA36B8,0x148505B7,

0x6E05BE79,0x26A1C52F,0x9B668D75,0x07904584,0x03C89C5F,0x26AF7239,0x0B344FFC,0x9311957F,

0xBE10E141,0xA875B40E,0xDB762AC4,0x7A6CDD87,0x9EB1452F,0xF3FBBF94,0x4FD8EAC4,0xD20B3287,

0xA288EAA5,0x34AE4EED,0x4A1074FA,0xE5376ABE,0x6D68499E,0xF757B012,0xF8634844,0xAF390CFF};

uint32\_t

AES\_CTR\_EN[32]={0xF4EB3E15,0xCEC90E4B,0x1708E770,0x6A1297BB,0x045A69FD,0x7FC870A  
7,0x56BE6A22,0x5A912CEA,

0xC22E6811,0x37177967,0x68D08A6A,0xCECA04AE,0x30EA7217,0x16992F79,0xF0DD4DAD,0x47  
10126B,0xCC06BD7F,

0x03093EE5,0x596D2B9B,0xD9844F7C,0x130D4E24,0xD6C87ABF,0xE1745614,0xEF260225,0x0F90  
C354,0x7557E159,

0x4CBC3789,0xDB0552F8,0x28F27315,0x046363A6,0xAF1F0089,0x29AC2CC1};

uint32\_t

AES\_CTR\_DE[32]={0x5A42C72C,0x09F16329,0xE9BD742B,0xB403E0FF,0xBA43D804,0xDE77B9  
E1,0xE1A33077,0xE3AEA215,

0x2670CBEB,0x160CA5C2,0x86808BEA,0x3D7A9E73,0xB16E68A0,0x12E5BF98,0x8A18EC5F,  
0xC4BD0D05,

0xAB21B81D,0x7477E171,0xDE6FFE4,0xB80B68F8,0xA4AF05A1,0x1C77249A,0xB2CCA806,  
0x9C3A69BA,

0x6F7CD7A9,0x2BD9E19F,0x78B41533,0x2F5E08F7,0x1C2EF8F1,0x03D4B04F,0xE0EAAC56,0  
x73CC7E9C};

AES\_Parm.in = in;

AES\_Parm.key = key;

AES\_Parm.iv = iv;

AES\_Parm.out = out;

```
AES_Parm.keyWordLen = 6;
AES_Parm.inWordLen = 32;

AES_Parm.Mode = AES_ECB;
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_ENC;
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);
ret =AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);
AES_Close();

if(Cmp_U32(AES_ECB_EN, 32, out, 32))
{
    flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    flag1=0;
}

AES_Parm.En_De = AES_DEC;
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);
ret =AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);
AES_Close();

if(Cmp_U32(AES_ECB_DE, 32, out, 32))
{
    flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
}
```

```
else
{
    flag2=0;
}
//cbc
AES_Parm.Mode = AES_CBC;
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_ENC;
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);
ret =AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);
AES_Close();

if(Cmp_U32(AES_CBC_EN, 32, out, 32))
{
    flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    flag3=0;
}
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_DEC;
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);
ret =AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);
AES_Close();

if(Cmp_U32(AES_CBC_DE, 32, out, 32))
{
    flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
```

```
{  
    flag4=0;  
}
```

//ctr

```
AES_Parm.Mode = AES_CTR;  
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_ENC;  
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);  
ret =AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);  
AES_Close();  
  
if(Cmp_U32(AES_CTR_EN, 32, out, 32))  
{  
    flag5=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
    flag5=0;  
}  
AES_Parm.in = AES_CTR_EN;  
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_DEC;  
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);  
ret =AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);  
AES_Close();  
  
if(Cmp_U32(AES_CTR_DE, 32, out, 32))  
{  
    flag6=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}
```

```
else
{
    flag6=0;
}

if (flag1|flag2|flag3|flag4|flag5|flag6)
{
    return 0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    return 0;
}
}

uint32_t AES_256_test()
{
    uint32_t flag1,flag2,flag3,flag4,flag5,flag6,ret=0;
    AES_PARM AES_Parm={0};

    uint32_t
in[32]={0x86DF711D,0xB9C4122D,0x13368B2D,0x53A5CF4F,0xBDFFAA2C,0xB4D4B3C0,0x8BB9
7CB6,0x99EA0BE6,
0x8B338E1D,0xFE104A1C,0x4E13D5E3,0xA886852F,0x67522841,0x9D1FF5E1,0xEFBD3A3,0
xA7C27969,
```

0x0475C629,0xD4EB12F0,0x4570B427,0xF9296516,0x58F7F4A6,0x2A9D3C6B,0x652654E1,0x4  
38105F6,

0x986F81C9,0x639F51B2,0xA3169082,0x6CD5570C,0x39B678E4,0x84986F66,0x94BB95FA,0x9  
76D9797};

uint32\_t

key[8]={0xB2591B82,0xD25676DB,0x2546F076,0xC8D01753,0xB4A620E7,0x4AADD91D,0x2E5ED  
F9B,0x596C1146};

uint32\_t iv[4]={0xF0E72786,0xD272F169,0x0ECED17B,0x29D34319};

uint32\_t out[32];

uint32\_t

AES\_ECB\_EN[32]={0x5766DACC,0x50DBB1F9,0x58720E73,0x2182AA3E,0x7D5A6D4D,0xA07EF4  
3D,0x5A533E1E,0x34816CF3,

0xBA23F9CD,0x99A7BD14,0x6789D933,0xD14B2F0D,0xAF53E19E,0xB88DA31F,0xEFBE0472,  
0x03F077B1,

0x4489E477,0x97161707,0x6C24CB62,0x0FF361DC,0x60BBD2CF,0xEB7AB0C1,0xFA3421E5,0  
x2F5DB80E,

0x2D61A7CD,0x22988E98,0x51B195AF,0x22C8A4C0,0x7F8E90C3,0x6690789A,0x48AF0FAF,0  
xAC16F7A6};

uint32\_t

AES\_ECB\_DE[32]={0x0ADBDA93,0x93C512ED,0x6A99A60B,0x0A1841B5,0x135E685D,0xB9ADC  
987,0x6262573F,0x9090A7D3,

0x2B7DDAA3,0x7370FB9D,0xE7E739C6,0xCA013CA6,0x3509E08F,0x74A21641,0x3D2C9527,0x  
F8DF90F0,

0xED8209E9,0x9DD57975,0x0A506603,0x7C2EFD3B,0x0937237E,0x2828BAAF,0x245E9D40,0x  
F3BB882A,

0x66E82B24,0xF3E778E7,0x386802D1,0xD74C7057,0xEF8525C8,0x1EB7AA48,0x362EACDD,0  
x8AA0F286};

uint32\_t

AES\_CBC\_EN[32]={0x39AD6F3A,0xF8E3E1DD,0x2209A14B,0x241642CC,0x83FA4820,0xD82816  
B3,0xEF66B17A,0xB5B49FCC,

0xA7540FD7,0xCC11801C,0xC6126D93,0x8E6C259A,0x626135EB,0x3FEA411B,0x45FF91A3,0  
x1B91B51A,

0x9169DD4C,0x2F42A1E6,0x4299E687,0xEB9FBAA4,0x3B667902,0xDCB4117A,0x45B78A05,0  
x5FECBFA7,

0x54C54A81,0xBDF538B1,0xF2D5804D,0x568910A8,0x41655B32,0xD47D533B,0x5A82D212,0x  
63C07B46};

uint32\_t

AES\_CBC\_DE[32]={0xFA3CFD15,0x41B7E384,0x64577770,0x23CB02AC,0x95811940,0x0069DBA  
A,0x7154DC12,0xC335689C,

0x9682708F,0xC7A4485D,0x6C5E4570,0x53EB3740,0xBE3A6E92,0x8AB25C5D,0x733F40C4,0x  
505915DF,

0x8AD021A8,0x00CA8C94,0xE5EDA5A0,0xDBEC8452,0x0D42E557,0xFCC3A85F,0x612E2967,  
0x0A92ED3C,

0x3E1FDF82,0xD97A448C,0x5D4E5630,0x94CD75A1,0x77EAA401,0x7D28FBFA,0x95383C5F,0  
xE675A58A};

uint32\_t

AES\_CTR\_EN[32]={0x85F1DD33,0xAE808F2F,0x26A40960,0xB2020DF8,0xB6C2006E,0xA22A35F  
6,0x33BB584A,0xBFEA7F68,

0x73E54E78,0xF3EB0368,0x80816676,0x6109DE39,0xE0001920,0x8D2B18B8,0x0E46A012,0xE4  
3F1DD1,0x3CA4BC36,

0xD5101452,0x83020170,0x4B752F62,0x3D27A004,0x3C18B5DB,0x99DA9032,0xEA59B340,0x  
79BBD087,0x2EF8CB3D,

0xDC32D3CA,0x30F577EA,0x56774C66,0xC33DA1F8,0x0288B1D6,0x091C9666};

uint32\_t

AES\_CTR\_DE[32]={0x86DF711D,0xB9C4122D,0x13368B2D,0x53A5CF4F,0xBDFFAA2C,0xB4D4B  
3C0,0x8BB97CB6,0x99EA0BE6,

0x8B338E1D,0xFE104A1C,0x4E13D5E3,0xA886852F,0x67522841,0x9D1FF5E1,0xEFBDC3A3,0  
xA7C27969,

0x0475C629,0xD4EB12F0,0x4570B427,0xF9296516,0x58F7F4A6,0x2A9D3C6B,0x652654E1,0x4  
38105F6,

0x986F81C9,0x639F51B2,0xA3169082,0x6CD5570C,0x39B678E4,0x84986F66,0x94BB95FA,0x9

76D9797};

```
AES_Parm.in = in;
```

```
AES_Parm.key = key;
```

```
AES_Parm.iv = iv;
```

```
AES_Parm.out = out;
```

```
AES_Parm.keyWordLen = 8;
```

```
AES_Parm.inWordLen = 32;
```

```
AES_Parm.Mode = AES_ECB;
```

```
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_ENC;
```

```
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);
```

```
ret =AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);
```

```
AES_Close();
```

```
if(Cmp_U32(AES_ECB_EN, 32, out, 32))
```

```
{
```

```
    flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
    flag1=0;
```

```
}
```

```
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_DEC;
```

```
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);
```

```
ret =AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);
```

```
AES_Close();
```

```
if(Cmp_U32(AES_ECB_DE, 32, out, 32))
```

```
{
```

```
    flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
    flag2=0;
```

```
}
```

```
//CBC
```

```
AES_Parm.Mode = AES_CBC;
```

```
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_ENC;
```

```
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);
```

```
ret =AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);
```

```
AES_Close();
```

```
if(Cmp_U32(AES_CBC_EN, 32, out, 32))
```

```
{
```

```
    flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
    flag3=0;
```

```
}
```

```
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_DEC;
```

```
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);
```

```
ret =AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);  
AES_Close();
```

```
if(Cmp_U32(AES_CBC_DE, 32, out, 32))
```

```
{  
    flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}
```

```
else
```

```
{  
    flag4=0;  
}
```

```
//CTR
```

```
AES_Parm.Mode = AES_CTR;  
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_ENC;  
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);  
ret =AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);  
AES_Close();
```

```
if(Cmp_U32(AES_CTR_EN, 32, out, 32))
```

```
{  
    flag5=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}
```

```
else
```

```
{  
    flag5=0;  
}
```

```
AES_Parm.in = AES_CTR_EN;  
AES_Parm.En_De = AES_DEC;  
ret =AES_Init(&AES_Parm);
```

```
ret =AES_Crypto(&AES_Parm);
```

```
AES_Close();
```

```
if(Cmp_U32(AES_CTR_DE, 32, out, 32))
```

```
{
```

```
    flag6=0x5A5A5A5A;
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
    flag6=0;
```

```
}
```

```
if (flag1|flag2|flag3|flag4|flag5|flag6)
```

```
{
```

```
    return 0x5A5A5A5A;
```

```
}
```

```
else
```

```
{
```

```
    return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

## iv.附录四 HASH算法库函数调用例程

```

uint32_t MD5_fixed_steps_test(void)
{
    uint8_t out[16];
    char in[] = "ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789";
    uint8_t MD5_fixout[16]=
    {
        0xd1,0x74,0xab,0x98,0xd2,0x77,0xd9,0xf5,0xa5,0x61,0x1c,0x2c,0x9f,0x41,0x9d,0x9f
    };
    HASH_CTX ctx[1];
    ctx->hashAlg = HASH_ALG_MD5;
    ctx->sequence = HASH_SEQUENCE_TRUE;

    HASH_Init(ctx);

    HASH_Start(ctx);
    HASH_Update(ctx, (uint8_t*)in, 28);
    HASH_Update(ctx, ((uint8_t*)in)+ 28, 28);
    HASH_Update(ctx, ((uint8_t*)in)+ 56, 6);
    HASH_Complete(ctx, out);
    HASH_Close();
    if(memcmp(out,MD5_fixout,16))
    {
        //printf("MD5-FIX-Test fail\r\n");
        return 0x5a5a5a5a;
    }
    else

```

```

{
    //printf("MD5-FIX-Test success\r\n");
    return 0;
}
//return 0;
}
// SM3 固定分步测试用例
uint32_t SM3_test(void)
{
    uint8_t out[32];
    //SM3 固定分步哈希
    //分步消息
    uint8_t SM3_fixin[48*3]=
    {
        0x02,0x89,0x00,0xD4,0x66,0x14,0xF9,0xA2,0x9E,0xC9,
        0xBC,0x05,0x5B,0xBE,0x10,0x33,0x0F,0x41,0x1B,0xDF,
        0x9A,0x20,0x44,0x2C,0xB1,0x51,0xBD,0xCA,0x8D,0xDB,
        0xAD,0x86,0x46,0x48,0xA3,0xC6,0x34,0x27,0xEB,0x8B,
        0x05,0x57,0x40,0x90,0x52,0xE9,0x92,0xA3,0x79,0xBB,
        0x2D,0x3D,0x48,0xEC,0xC2,0x9A,0x91,0xBE,0x47,0xD0,
        0x7C,0x6E,0x6B,0x4E,0xEF,0x68,0x46,0x03,0x72,0x44,
        0xD5,0xCA,0x96,0x17,0xE3,0xFB,0x92,0x3E,0x41,0x27,
        0x55,0x16,0x77,0x9F,0x93,0x1A,0x60,0x78,0x83,0x13,
        0xDF,0x76,0x09,0xC0,0xC1,0xBF,0x6F,0x0F,0xEB,0x11,
        0x6D,0x6A,0x0B,0x8C,0x0A,0x43,0x38,0xE6,0x05,0x8E,
        0xCD,0x84,0xE7,0xA3,0x9B,0x9D,0x6B,0x75,0x91,0xEB,
        0xA5,0x28,0xCF,0xEF,0x4F,0xED,0x61,0x35,0x43,0x2D,
        0x33,0xE2,0x25,0x99,0x14,0xB1,0x05,0xA8,0xFF,0x04,
        0x9C,0xC2,0x29,0x05
    }
}

```

```
};
```

```
//正确的消息摘要
```

```
uint8_t SM3_fixout[32]=
```

```
{
```

```
    0xC7,0x8B,0xF5,0x97,0x52,0xCD,0xFE,0x9F,0x70,0x21,
```

```
    0x4F,0x5D,0x88,0x92,0x2E,0x60,0x35,0x22,0x3B,0x66,
```

```
    0x94,0xFD,0x08,0x96,0x5E,0x26,0x44,0xF9,0x72,0xFE,
```

```
    0xE2,0xB2
```

```
};
```

```
uint8_t i,byteLen=48;
```

```
HASH_CTX ctx[1];
```

```
//设置为 SM3 运算
```

```
// ctx->hashAlg 可以选择不同 HASH 运算,
```

```
//如 HASH_ALG_SHA1、
```

```
    //HASH_ALG_SHA224、
```

```
    //HASH_ALG_SHA256、
```

```
    //HASH_ALG_SM3
```

```
ctx->hashAlg = HASH_ALG_SM3;
```

```
ctx->sequence = HASH_SEQUENCE_TRUE;
```

```
HASH_Init(ctx);
```

```
HASH_Start(ctx);
```

```
for(i=0;i<3;i++)
```

```
{
```

```
    HASH_Update(ctx,SM3_fixin+i*byteLen,byteLen);
```

```
}
```

```
HASH_Complete(ctx, out);
```

```
HASH_Close();
```

```
if (memcmp(out,SM3_fixout,32))
```

```
{
```

```

//分步 SM3 测试失败
printf("SM3-FIX-Test fail\r\n");
return HASH_ATTACK;
}
else
{
//分步 SM3 测试成功
printf("SM3-FIX-Test success\r\n");
}
return SM3_Hash_OK;
}
//此函数例程分别对哈希 sha1/224/256 进行了单步哈希运算
uint32_t HASH_test(void)
{
uint32_t TEST_BUF[200];
uint8_t in[48]=
{
0x1C,0xBB,0x9F,0x4A,0x43,0x6A,0xAD,0x81,0xFE,0x4F,0x52,0x4A,0x0A,0x76,0x22,0xC8,0
x4F,0x90,0x18,0x30,0xA4,0xD2,0x8C,0x6A,0xC3,0x40,0xA0,0xBD,0x0A,0x6A,0x37,0x18,0x
8D,0x19,0x9D,0xE5,0xCB,0x84,0xA3,0xFC,0x39,0xDE,0x8C,0xD6,0xFC,0x2F,0xC8,0x88
};
uint8_t in2[10] = {0x1C,0x61,0xAD,0x6C,0x05,0xF3,0x98,0xA4,0x4C,0xFD};
uint8_t out[64];
uint8_t sha1_out[20]=
{
0x0E,0xEC,0x49,0xC5,0x36,0xBB,0xD7,0x87,0xD2,0xE2,0x0C,0x97,0xC4,0xF8,0x65,0x7C,0x
CC,0x74,0x8D,0x1E
};

```

```

uint8_t sha224_out[28]=
{
    0xC1,0x44,0x4F,0xD0,0xB8,0xA9,0xA3,0xD9,0xE8,0x04,0xA0,0xD1,0x9E,0x38,0xF3,0x5E,
    0x85,0xB4,0x0F,0x10,0x5A,0x1C,0x48,0xC4,0xF2,0x40,0x10,0x48
};
uint8_t sha256_out[32]=
{
    0xE2,0xE4,0x2C,0x8A,0x01,0x1A,0xE7,0x98,0x67,0x74,0x93,0xAF,0x9D,0x65,0x99,0xB3,0
    xA1,0x68,0x8B,0x5A,0xF1,0x32,0x3D,0x5B,0xFF,0xFB,0x12,0x30,0x94,0xE4,0x81,0xDD
};
uint8_t SM3_out[32]=
{
    0xBD,0x77,0x63,0x33,0x0A,0x71,0x19,0x5C,0x5D,0x26,0xE7,0x99,0x7B,0x41,0x22,0xB0,0
    xBC,0xB0,0xBE,0x52,0x3E,0xDA,0x0F,0xBE,0xE6,0xA4,0x33,0x96,0xB8,0x83,0x76,0xD4
};
uint32_t ret=0x5123;

#if 1
    HASH_CTX *ctx;
    ctx = (HASH_CTX*)(TEST_BUF);
    ctx->hashAlg = HASH_ALG_SHA1;
    ctx->sequence = HASH_SEQUENCE_FALSE;
    HASH_Init(ctx);
    HASH_Start(ctx);
    HASH_Update(ctx, in, 48);

```

```
ret=HASH_Complete(ctx, out);
HASH_Close();
if (memcmp(out,sha1_out,20))
{
    return 0x5a5a5a5a;
}
else
{
    printf("SHA1-Test success\r\n");
}
ctx->hashAlg = HASH_ALG_SHA224;
ctx->sequence = HASH_SEQUENCE_FALSE;
HASH_Init(ctx);
HASH_Start(ctx);
HASH_Update(ctx, in, 48);
//HASH_Update(ctx, in2, 10);
ret=HASH_Complete(ctx, out);
HASH_Close();
if (memcmp(out,sha224_out,28))
{
    return 0x5a5a5a5a;
}
else
{
    printf("SHA224-Test success\r\n");
}

ctx->hashAlg = HASH_ALG_SHA256;
ctx->sequence = HASH_SEQUENCE_FALSE;
```

```
HASH_Init(ctx);
HASH_Start(ctx);
HASH_Update(ctx, in, 48);
ret=HASH_Complete(ctx, out);
HASH_Close();
if(memcmp(out,sha256_out,32))
{
    return 0x5a5a5a5a;
}
else
{
    printf("SHA256-Test success\r\n");
}
#endif
return 0;
}
```

## v.附录五 SM7算法库函数调用例程

```

uint32_t SM7_test(void)
{
    uint32_t flag1,flag2,flag3,flag4;
    uint32_t ret;
    SM7_PARM SM7_Parm={0};
    /*若需要修改测试实例，当参数的真实值为“0x0102030405060708”时，由于 u32 数据是字节小端序存储，在对以上参数进行初始化赋值时，请输入“0x04030201,0x08070605”.若无特殊说明，本例程参数都以这种方式设置*/
    uint32_t in1[32]={
        0x4B551C70,0xD54DA600,0xBAA2CA7F,0x0ABA6CD8,0x97BC9D7D,0xAD650748,
        0x0590F143,0x7288FD0F,0x9EDF1005,0xB7D4A607,0x8ED480C9,0x34FD4C59,
        0x97C9286E,0xD0A23857,0x1ABE2026,0x6163578A,0xF5FBAFB4,0x72DB71B7,
        0x21217431,0xF8BE4ECA,0xB73D1018,0xACD37812,0x3FF19EE7,0x4C9575BE,
        0xF1FB289E,0x33694113,0x8EC5BB10,0x3B1DFF5F,0xA9D6A5A5,0xB98D90C8,
        0x91AB4E89,0x804343FD
    } ;

    uint32_t key1[4]={0x84853E30,0xB3D3154D,0x9A887F49,0xDC65910A};

    uint32_t iv1[2]={0x2FA6B65A,0x1D0EC205};

    uint32_t out[32];

    uint32_t SM7_ECB_EN[32]=
    { 0xFDC0A8D5,0x92728D71,0x5A804C88,0x430AB48D,0x9D20E77A,0x74ADB168,0xD4848355
    ,0x92C8EE23,

```

```
0x5B0C32C4,0x3D612420,0x8B42878A,0x6D3B380E,0x21CD8165,0x66013D3D,0xD7BD0FB4,0  
xA6666999,
```

```
0x30588D82,0xB105C519,0xEF0A9B40,0xDBC36099,0x0AF7F6AF,0x51FFE183,0xC7A983D3,0  
xB766EA14,
```

```
0xFBEA1269,0x6AAF5BFA,0xD23E3184,0x05AA9FB6,0xD3270BB1,0x1B146200,0xD5A3E2FC,  
0x1348DE04
```

```
};
```

```
uint32_t SM7_ECB_DE[32]=
```

```
{ 0x42FE0F12,0x13C56F4B,0x924BB950,0x8BB82615,0xB3F69779,0x91A42F3E,0x8165114F,0x  
CE65AE5F,
```

```
0x397E1BE4,0xD987776C,0x4B4FC3A0,0x2ADFD517,0x34A36717,0x94D408B5,0xFF72D19C,0  
xBAAC265E,
```

```
0x19DD3CD9,0xB50E3835,0x76307CBE,0x9125D479,0x3A900FF2,0xD97B7140,0x24783470,0x  
DE5D0187,
```

```
0xA192A61E,0x0D56C887,0x82FB9C72,0x714D123B,0xF7C4876E,0xEF1D331A,0x387E2635,0x  
5A7343CA
```

```
};
```

```
uint32_t SM7_CBC_EN[32]=
```

```
{ 0x969843B8,0x1E7267D5,0x40640F93,0xC04D7107,0xE94FC3DA,0x3B47318F,0xEA6FE714,0  
xC4046E8C,
```

```
0xDF311550,0xF4A404FD,0xFF591CCE,0xDDDA6AAA,0xC9AE0C6C,0x4CF1AE42,0x90F03ED  
4,0xC061F7D2,
```

```
0xF10DA467,0xEB896034,0x53A0FBC9,0x9A1059D2,0x7FAE69C6,0xB664E266,0xF101AE3E,0  
x003864EE,
```

```
0xEC4A469B,0x85840724,0xF3D7D05D,0x8B1B7B50,0xC6B4E78D,0xE4F104E5,0xB405AB34,0xD7  
99B659
```

```
};
```

```
uint32_t SM7_CBC_DE[32]=
```

```
{ 0x6D58B948,0x0ECBAD4E,0xD91EA520,0x5EF58015,0x09545D06,0x9B1E43E6,0x16D98C32,  
0x6300A917,
```

```
0x3CEEEAA7,0xAB0F8A63,0xD590D3A5,0x9D0B7310,0xBA77E7DE,0xA02944EC,0x68BBF9F  
2,0x6A0E1E09,
```

```
0x03631CFF,0xD46D6FBF,0x83CBD30A,0xE3FEA5CE,0x1BB17BC3,0x21C53F8A,0x93452468,  
0x728E7995,
```

```
0x9E6338F9,0x41C3BD39,0x7300B4EC,0x42245328,0x79013C7E,0xD400CC45,0x91A88390,0xE3FE  
D302
```

```
};
```

```
Cpy_U32(out, in1,32);
```

```
SM7_Parm.in = out;
```

```
SM7_Parm.key = key1;
```

```
SM7_Parm.out = out;
```

```
SM7_Parm.Mode = SM7_ECB;
```

```
SM7_Parm.inWordLen = 32;
SM7_Parm.En_De = SM7_ENC;
ret=SM7_Init(&SM7_Parm);
ret=(SM7_Crypto(&SM7_Parm));
SM7_Close();
if (ret!=SM7_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(SM7_ECB_EN, 32, out, 32))
    {
        flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag1=0;
    }
}
Cpy_U32(out, in1,32);
SM7_Parm.En_De = SM7_DEC;
ret=SM7_Init(&SM7_Parm);
ret=(SM7_Crypto(&SM7_Parm));
SM7_Close();
if (ret!=SM7_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
}
```

```
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(SM7_ECB_DE, 32, out, 32))
    {
        flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag2=0;
    }
}
Cpy_U32(out, in1,32);
SM7_Parm.iv = iv1;
SM7_Parm.Mode = SM7_CBC;
SM7_Parm.En_De = SM7_ENC;
ret=SM7_Init(&SM7_Parm);
ret=(SM7_Crypto(&SM7_Parm));
SM7_Close();
if (ret!=SM7_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(SM7_CBC_EN, 32, out, 32))
    {
        flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
```

```
{
    flag3=0;
}
}
Cpy_U32(out, in1,32);
SM7_Parm.iv = iv1;
SM7_Parm.En_De = SM7_DEC;
ret=SM7_Init(&SM7_Parm);
ret=(SM7_Crypto(&SM7_Parm));
SM7_Close();
if (ret!=SM7_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(SM7_CBC_DE, 32, out, 32))
    {
        flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag4=0;
    }
}
if (flag1|flag2|flag3|flag4)
{
    return 0x5A5A5A5A;
}
```

```
else  
{  
    return 0;  
}  
}
```

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## vi.附录六 SM4算法库函数调用例程

```

uint32_t SM4_test(void)
{
    uint32_t flag1,flag2,flag3,flag4;
    uint32_t ret;
    SM4_PARM SM4_Parm={0};
    /*若需要修改测试实例，当参数的真实值为“0x0102030405060708”时，由于u32数据是字节
    小端序存储，在对以上参数进行初始化赋值时，请输入“0x04030201,0x08070605”.若无特殊说明，
    本例程参数都以这种方式设置*/
    uint32_t in1[32]={
        0x4B551C70,0xD54DA600,0xBAA2CA7F,0x0ABA6CD8,0x97BC9D7D,0xAD650748,
        0x0590F143,0x7288FD0F,0x9EDF1005,0xB7D4A607,0x8ED480C9,0x34FD4C59,
        0x97C9286E,0xD0A23857,0x1ABE2026,0x6163578A,0xF5FBAFB4,0x72DB71B7,
        0x21217431,0xF8BE4ECA,0xB73D1018,0xACD37812,0x3FF19EE7,0x4C9575BE,
        0xF1FB289E,0x33694113,0x8EC5BB10,0x3B1DFF5F,0xA9D6A5A5,0xB98D90C8,
        0x91AB4E89,0x804343FD
    };

    uint32_t key1[4]={0x84853E30,0xB3D3154D,0x9A887F49,0xDC65910A};

    uint32_t iv1[4]={0x2FA6B65A,0x1D0EC205,0xB90B8620,0x42E74F58};
    uint32_t out[32];

    uint32_t
    SM4_ECB_EN[32]={0xD61A389C,0xE136A0AD,0xBD626B7E,0x4277F173,0xAF3E5E82,
        0x876D84DF,0x7A065B7B,0x1CBBFFA8,0xC57C31DC,0x5BD86AFC,
        0x0825EAEF,0x600162A4,0x3E4787AC,0x58B32579,0x3A9135BF,
        0xB806A17C,0x9854F4C4,0x065CD28F,0x68FDF21F,0x9CA62C4C,
    
```

```
0x5B2FA76E,0xEC693A2B,0xF028ADF6,0xFAA2ED18,0x6395B4B1,  
0x7A9B0069,0x9D55E04C,0xA5CDC23F,0x7FC56C92,0x89F199A1,  
0xF228D9E1,0xD705050A};
```

```
/*SM4_ECB_EN=0x9C381AD6ADA036E17E6B62BD73F17742825E3EAFDF846D877B5B067A  
A8FFBB1CDC317CC5FC6AD85BEFEA2508A4620160AC87473E7925B358BF35913A7CA106B8C4F  
454988FD25C061FF2FD684C2CA69C6EA72F5B2B3A69ECF6AD28F018EDA2FAB1B4956369009B  
7A4CE0559D3FC2CDA5926CC57FA199F189E1D928F20A0505D7*/
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
SM4_ECB_DE[32]={0x3107DFA0,0xC1EE3D0A,0x9025F9D5,0x90ACC081,0x7A72F90A,  
0x6481F1CE,0x76DF5450,0xCD262ACF,0xCE8E3C3B,0x208B7390,  
0xC9F8F526,0x1A73FFCC,0x0AB6E26F,0xA02B544A,0x760CD602,  
0x6D250CA4,0x2477FF67,0x44CBC39E,0x84ECF5CC,0x7DF30644,  
0x8746D41C,0xCB42B9EC,0xE975598C,0x28756C41,0x64C3C870,  
0x9EA8CBB3,0xBA2FA98E,0x1B10BA7B,0x1C50E8A0,0x1EE697FD,  
0xA4E2DDD5,0xBB29D912};
```

```
/*SM4_ECB_DE=0xA0DF07310A3DEEC1D5F9259081C0AC900AF9727ACEF181645054DF76C  
F2A26CD3B3C8ECE90738B2026F5F8C9CCFF731A6FE2B60A4A542BA002D60C76A40C256D67FF  
77249EC3CB44CCF5EC844406F37D1CD44687ECB942CB8C5975E9416C752870C8C364B3CBA89E  
8EA92FBA7BBA101BA0E8501CFD97E61ED5DDE2A412D929BB*/
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
SM4_CBC_EN[32]={0x304E1C3C,0x10DA649D,0x5EBCB5BE,0x2964AD84,0x18599756,  
0x2106AAD2,0x84364B24,0x57A9E62D,0xD160B03B,0x58293A74,  
0xEE57389F,0x398E69C2,0x63FD0959,0x5B4584FD,0x4DA6E8BE,  
0x578E4501,0x74B0159B,0x570E8604,0x38E2DB49,0xE028387E,  
0xCDDE4984,0x6B717E9F,0xE516D698,0x6520025E,0xC8D187A7,  
0x6E08373F,0xC3472666,0x654A0D41,0x7F363B95,0xAD8EB5D2,  
0x01F0F12A,0x8169D65A};
```

```
/*SM4_CBC_EN=0x3C1C4E309D64DA10BEB5BC5E84AD642956975918D2AA0621244B36842  
DE6A9573BB060D1743A29589F3857EEC2698E395909FD63FD84455BBEE8A64D01458E579B15B0  
7404860E5749DBE2387E3828E08449DECD9F7E716B98D616E55E022065A787D1C83F37086E6626  
47C3410D4A65953B367FD2B58EAD2AF1F0015AD66981*/
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
SM4_CBC_DE[32]={0x1EA169FA,0xDCE0FF0F,0x292E7FF5,0xD24B8FD9,0x3127E57A,  
0xB1CC57CE,0xCC7D9E2F,0xC79C4617,0x5932A146,0x8DEE74D8,  
0xCC680465,0x68FB02C3,0x9469F26A,0x17FFF24D,0xF8D856CB,  
0x59D840FD,0xB3BED709,0x9469FBC9,0x9E52D5EA,0x1C9051CE,  
0x72BD7BA8,0xB999C85B,0xC8542DBD,0xD0CB228B,0xD3FED868,  
0x327BB3A1,0x85DE3769,0x5785CFC5,0xEDABC03E,0x2D8FD6EE,  
0x2A2766C5,0x8034264D};
```

```
/*SM4_CBC_DE=0xFA69A11E0FFFE0DCF57F2E29D98F4BD27AE52731CE57CCB12F9E7DCC  
17469CC746A13259D874EE8D650468CCC302FB686AF269944DF2FF17CB56D8F8FD40D85909D7  
BEB3C9FB6994EAD5529ECE51901CA87BBD725BC899B9BD2D54C88B22CBD068D8FED3A1B37  
B326937DE85C5CF85573EC0ABEDEED68F2DC566272A4D263480*/
```

```
Cpy_U32(out, in1,32);  
SM4_Parm.in = out;  
SM4_Parm.key = key1;  
SM4_Parm.out = out;  
SM4_Parm.inWordLen = 32;  
SM4_Parm.workingMode = SM4_ECB;  
SM4_Parm.EnDeMode = SM4_ENC;  
ret=SM4_Init(&SM4_Parm);  
ret=(SM4_Crypto(&SM4_Parm));  
SM4_Close();  
if(ret!=SM4_Crypto_OK)  
{
```

```
    flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
  
    if(Cmp_U32(SM4_ECB_EN,32, out,32))  
    {  
        flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        flag1=0;  
    }  
}  
Cpy_U32(out, in1,32);  
SM4_Parm.EnDeMode = SM4_DEC;  
ret=SM4_Init(&SM4_Parm);  
ret=(SM4_Crypto(&SM4_Parm));  
SM4_Close();  
if(ret!=SM4_Crypto_OK)  
{  
    flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
  
    if(Cmp_U32(SM4_ECB_DE,32, out,32))  
    {  
        flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;
```

```
    }  
    else  
    {  
        flag2=0;  
    }  
}  
Cpy_U32(out, in1,32);  
SM4_Parm.iv = iv1;  
SM4_Parm.workingMode = SM4_CBC;  
SM4_Parm.EnDeMode = SM4_ENC;  
ret=SM4_Init(&SM4_Parm);  
ret=(SM4_Crypto(&SM4_Parm));  
SM4_Close();  
if(ret!=SM4_Crypto_OK)  
{  
    flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
  
    if(Cmp_U32(SM4_CBC_EN,32, out,32))  
    {  
        flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        flag3=0;  
    }  
}  
}
```

```
Cpy_U32(out, in1,32);
SM4_Parm.iv= iv1;
SM4_Parm.EnDeMode = SM4_DEC;
ret=SM4_Init(&SM4_Parm);
ret=(SM4_Crypto(&SM4_Parm));
SM4_Close();
if(ret!=SM4_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(SM4_CBC_DE,32, out,32))
    {
        flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag4=0;
    }
}
if (flag1|flag2|flag3|flag4)
{
    return 0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
```

```
return 0;  
}  
}
```

NATIONSTECH CONFIDENTIAL

## vii.附录七 RNG算法库调用例程

```
#define POKER_RAND_BYTE 40 //320bit
uint32_t TrueRand_Poker_Test(void)
{
    u16 count[16] = {0};
    uint32_t sum = 0;
    uint8_t rand[POKER_RAND_BYTE];
    uint8_t i, j, k, tmp;

    GetTrueRand_U32((uint32_t*)rand, POKER_RAND_BYTE>>2);
    //GetTrueRand_U8(rand, POKER_RAND_BYTE);
    //GetPseudoRand_U32((uint32_t*)rand,POKER_RAND_BYTE>>2);
    for(j = 0; j < POKER_RAND_BYTE; j++)
    {
        for(k = 0; k < 2; k++)
        {
            (k == 1) ? tmp = (rand[j] >> 4) : (tmp = (rand[j] & 0x0F));
            for(i = 0; i < 16; i++)
            {
                if(tmp==i) count[i]++;
            }
        }
    }
    for(i = 0; i < 16; i++)
    {
        sum += ((uint32_t)count[i]) * count[i];
    }
}
```

```

if(405 < sum && sum < 687)
    return 0;
else
    return 1;
}
uint32_t PseudoRand_Poker_Test(void)
{
    u16 count[16] = {0};
    uint32_t sum = 0;
    uint8_t rand[POKER_RAND_BYTE];
    uint8_t i, j, k, tmp;

    //GetTrueRand_U32((uint32_t*)rand, POKER_RAND_BYTE>>2);
    //GetTrueRand_U8(rand, POKER_RAND_BYTE);
    GetPseudoRand_U32((uint32_t*)rand,POKER_RAND_BYTE>>2,NULL);
    for(j = 0; j < POKER_RAND_BYTE; j++)
    {
        for(k = 0; k < 2; k++)
        {
            (k == 1) ? tmp = (rand[j] >> 4) : (tmp = (rand[j] & 0x0F));
            for(i = 0; i < 16; i++)
            {
                if(tmp==i) count[i]++;
            }
        }
    }
    for(i = 0; i < 16; i++)
    {
        sum += ((uint32_t)count[i]) * count[i];
    }
}

```

```
}  
  
if(405 < sum && sum < 687)  
    return 0;  
else  
    return 1;  
}
```

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## viii.附录八 SM1算法库函数调用例程

```

uint32_t SM1_test(void)
{
    uint32_t flag1,flag2,flag3,flag4;
    uint32_t ret;
    SM1_PARM SM1_Parm={0};
    /*若需要修改测试实例，当参数的真实值为“0x0102030405060708”时，由于u32数据是字节小端序存储，在对以上参数进行初始化赋值时，请输入“0x04030201,0x08070605”.若无特殊说明，本例程参数都以这种方式设置*/
    uint32_t in1[32]={
        0x4B551C70,0xD54DA600,0xBAA2CA7F,0x0ABA6CD8,0x97BC9D7D,0xAD650748,
        0x0590F143,0x7288FD0F,0x9EDF1005,0xB7D4A607,0x8ED480C9,0x34FD4C59,
        0x97C9286E,0xD0A23857,0x1ABE2026,0x6163578A,0xF5FBAFB4,0x72DB71B7,
        0x21217431,0xF8BE4ECA,0xB73D1018,0xACD37812,0x3FF19EE7,0x4C9575BE,
        0xF1FB289E,0x33694113,0x8EC5BB10,0x3B1DFF5F,0xA9D6A5A5,0xB98D90C8,
        0x91AB4E89,0x804343FD
    } ;

    uint32_t key1[4]={0x84853E30,0xB3D3154D,0x9A887F49,0xDC65910A};

    uint32_t iv1[4]={0x2FA6B65A,0x1D0EC205,0xB90B8620,0x42E74F58};

    uint32_t out[32];

    uint32_t
    SM1_ECB_EN[32]={0x3E244A82,0x5E5BFFB7,0x6C09BB78,0x1D528A72,0xD71DD7D3,
        0xB2C63572,0xCAB798B7,0xE98B7E7E,0x31B74EA0,0x2B0F7AFF,
        0xD2B67660,0xF2F95230,0x1ABB0C33,0x453DD692,0xC18728A9,

```

```
0xB0A8C5A8,0x216F18A1,0x8956499A,0x6D1A2E36,0x0A90F9DE,  
0x977AC571,0x44126188,0x889801FA,0x264B1879,0x14B71EC3,  
0x62249397,0xF99B8C04,0x1154D5D8,0x1B16B017,0x4477C020,  
0xB1D85955,0xB006BCB7};
```

```
/*SM1_ECB_EN=0x824A243EB7FF5B5E78BB096C728A521DD3D71DD77235C6B2B798B7CA  
7E7E8BE9A04EB731FF7A0F2B6076B6D23052F9F2330CBB1A92D63D45A92887C1A8C5A8B0A11  
86F219A495689362E1A6DDEF9900A71C57A9788611244FA01988879184B26C31EB7149793246204  
8C9BF9D8D5541117B0161B20C077445559D8B1B7BC06B0*/
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
SM1_ECB_DE[32]={0xA357F33D,0xEB1489B1,0x71D862D4,0x4B512067,0xFFC1DE29,  
0xE4BA99AA,0x269DC310,0xA9FFFD6C,0x114C4507,0x7CE06089,  
0x693512EF,0x9574B52F,0xBB222811,0xA84EEC57,0xEF6E3FDC,  
0x11F5714C,0x6EB451F4,0xD818C7B6,0x2C003C47,0x281183A1,  
0x20E2D39F,0x4F868F49,0x28223D38,0xDB20BBC0,0x486B8235,  
0x5DE53208,0x9BEE9D24,0x2787CF79,0xAC6CA11D,0xA4BBBDC2,  
0x961D4845,0x239BC8E1};
```

```
/*SM1_ECB_DE=0x3DF357A3B18914EBD462D8716720514B29DEC1FFAA99BAE410C39D266  
CFDFFA907454C118960E07CEF1235692FB57495112822BB57EC4EA8DC3F6EEF4C71F511F451B4  
6EB6C718D8473C002CA18311289FD3E220498F864F383D2228C0BB20DB35826B480832E55D249  
DEE9B79CF87271DA16CACC2BDBBA445481D96E1C89B23*/
```

```
uint32_t SM1_CBC_EN[32]={0x56583277,0x048D4BFE,0xD505B83B,0x69D8F23F,0x1FC9D047,  
0x09522EC1,0xC77CFE03,0x59CB89D2,0x01E97431,0xF981C0FB,  
0x887184D0,0x33716293,0x2886538C,0xC0961363,0x9DCBF1FA,  
0x9BCBF5AF,0x9E9519C9,0x102FD1E9,0x8B54747D,0x283C5E40,  
0xBFA30847,0xB0752EC2,0xD21F7B3C,0x4559D420,0xBC7CD8E9,  
0xB6CC72ED,0x4E8F1B1B,0x4FACCAF2,0x3F14A032,0x70A79877,  
0xE6C1F6DA,0xEFE11EEC};
```

```
/*SM1_CBC_EN=0x77325856FE4B8D043BB805D53FF2D86947D0C91FC12E520903FE7CC7D2  
89CB593174E901FBC081F9D0847188936271338C538628631396C0FAF1CB9DAFF5CB9BC919959E  
E9D12F107D74548B405E3C284708A3BFC22E75B03C7B1FD220D45945E9D87CBCED72CCB61B1  
B8F4EF2CAAC4F32A0143F7798A770DAF6C1E6EC1EE1EF*/
```

```
uint32_t
```

```
SM1_CBC_DE[32]={0x8CF14567,0xF61A4BB4,0xC8D3E4F4,0x09B66F3F,0xB494C259,  
0x31F73FAA,0x9C3F096F,0xA34591B4,0x86F0D87A,0xD18567C1,  
0x6CA5E3AC,0xE7FC4820,0x25FD3814,0x1F9A4A50,0x61BABF15,  
0x25083D15,0xF97D799A,0x08BAFFE1,0x36BE1C61,0x4972D42B,  
0xD5197C2B,0x3D5DFEFE,0x09034909,0x239EF50A,0xFF56922D,  
0xF1364A1A,0xA41F03C3,0x6B12BAC7,0x5D978983,0x97D2FCD1,  
0x18D8F355,0x188637BE};
```

```
/*SM1_CBC_DE=0x6745F18CB44B1AF6F4E4D3C83F6FB60959C294B4AA3FF7316F093F9CB4  
914A37AD8F086C16785D1ACE3A56C2048FCE71438FD25504A9A1F15BFBA61153D08259A797DF  
9E1FFBA08611CBE362BD472492B7C19D5FEFE5D3D094903090AF59E232D9256FF1A4A36F1C30  
31FA4C7BA126B8389975DD1FCD29755F3D818BE378618*/
```

```
Cpy_U32(out, in1,32);  
SM1_Parm.in = out;  
SM1_Parm.key = key1;  
SM1_Parm.out = out;  
SM1_Parm.Mode = SM1_ECB;  
SM1_Parm.inWordLen = 32;  
SM1_Parm.En_De = SM1_ENC;  
ret=SM1_Init(&SM1_Parm);  
ret=(SM1_Crypto(&SM1_Parm));  
SM1_Close();  
if (ret!=SM1_Crypto_OK)  
{
```

```
    flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
    if(Cmp_U32(SM1_ECB_EN, 32, out, 32))  
    {  
        flag1=0x5A5A5A5A;  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        flag1=0;  
    }  
}  
Cpy_U32(out, in1,32);  
SM1_Parm.En_De = SM1_DEC;  
ret=SM1_Init(&SM1_Parm);  
ret=(SM1_Crypto(&SM1_Parm));  
SM1_Close();  if (ret!=SM1_Crypto_OK)  
{  
    flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;  
}  
else  
{  
    if(Cmp_U32(SM1_ECB_DE, 32, out, 32))  
    {  
        flag2=0x5A5A5A5A;  
    }  
    else  
    {
```

```
        flag2=0;
    }
}

Cpy_U32(out, in1,32);
SM1_Parm.iv = iv1;
SM1_Parm.Mode = SM1_CBC;
SM1_Parm.En_De = SM1_ENC;
ret=SM1_Init(&SM1_Parm);
ret=(SM1_Crypto(&SM1_Parm));
SM1_Close();
if (ret!=SM1_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(SM1_CBC_EN, 32, out, 32))
    {
        flag3=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag3=0;
    }
}
Cpy_U32(out, in1,32);
SM1_Parm.iv = iv1;
SM1_Parm.En_De = SM1_DEC;
ret=SM1_Init(&SM1_Parm);
```

```
ret=(SM1_Crypto(&SM1_Parm));
SM1_Close();
if (ret!=SM1_Crypto_OK)
{
    flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    if(Cmp_U32(SM1_CBC_DE, 32, out, 32))
    {
        flag4=0x5A5A5A5A;
    }
    else
    {
        flag4=0;
    }
}
if (flag1|flag2|flag3|flag4)
{
    return 0x5A5A5A5A;
}
else
{
    return 0;
}
}
```

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## ix.附录九 SM2算法库函数调用例程

```
void SM2_test(void)
{
    uint8_t ID[20] = {0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44, 0x55, 0x66, 0x77, 0x88,
0x99, 0xAA, 0xBB, 0xCC, 0xDD, 0xEE, 0xFF, 0x00, 0x11, 0x22, 0x33, 0x44};
    uint8_t msg[40] =
    {
        0x0D,0x3D,0x6B,0x96,0x88,0x33,0x3F,0xF1,0x93,0xF0,0xF6,
        0xDE,0x6E,0xC0,0x0D,0x3D,0x6B,0x96,0x88,0x33,0x3F,0xF1,
        0x93,0xF0,0xF6
    };
    //uint8_t priKey[32] = {0};
    uint8_t priKey[32] = {
        0x44,0x13,0xFB,0xED,0xFE,0x4D,0x61,0x09,
        0x9A,0x33,0x4C,0xAA,0xB9,0x80,0x64,0x7B,
        0x63,0xD9,0x75,0xAB,0xC5,0x9D,0x83,0xDA,
        0xC8,0x88,0x7E,0xB0,0x08,0xCB,0x49,0xE1
    };
    uint8_t pubKey[65] = {
        0x04,0x75,0xF7,0xFF,0x18,0x74,0x40,0x69,0x6D,
        0x5B,0x7C,0x62,0x34,0x40,0xFA,0x02,0x99,
        0x18,0x67,0x2C,0xFD,0x48,0x9E,0xFE,0x9D,
        0x5D,0xF5,0xA3,0xB4,0x89,0x5B,0xEB,0x38,
        0xD2,0x9A,0x3F,0x9F,0xCF,0x63,0xC1,0xF1,
        0xEB,0x64,0x9A,0xCB,0x25,0x9F,0x93,0x83,
        0x0E,0x88,0x6A,0x4E,0xEE,0xDD,0x83,0x06,
        0xCE,0x5D,0xFF,0x6F,0xEF,0x19,0xBF,0xEE};
    uint8_t r[32] =
```

```

{0x85, 0xB1, 0x14, 0xC7, 0x6F, 0x02, 0xB3, 0xFA, 0xE0,
    0x69, 0x23, 0xE6, 0xDE, 0xF4, 0x4D, 0xC3, 0x2F, 0x3A,
    0x43, 0xD2, 0xF9, 0xB7, 0xB6, 0x99, 0xBB, 0xDE, 0x7B, 0x25, 0x10,
    0xAC, 0x46, 0x7B},
s[32] = {0x06, 0x06, 0xE1, 0xF9, 0x10, 0xA3, 0x3D, 0x27, 0x6B,
    0x48, 0x62, 0xAD, 0x44, 0xA3, 0xCA, 0xEA, 0xB5, 0x6A, 0x4F, 0x67,
0x2B, 0xF2, 0xA0, 0x41, 0x3B, 0x13, 0xB1, 0x96, 0x7D, 0x08, 0x9A, 0x8D};
uint8_t Z[32];
uint8_t E[32];
uint32_t ret;
uint8_t pubKey1[65]={0};
uint8_t C[140] = {0};
uint32_t CByteLen = 0, MByteLen = 0;
uint8_t M[40] = {0};
uint32_t flag1;
uint32_t kByteLen=33;
uint8_t KA1[33],S11[32],SA1[32],KA2[33],S12[32],SA2[32];
uint8_t role1=1, role0=0;
uint8_t IDA[16]={0xBB,0xD2,0xB0,0xAB,0xFB,0xF2,0xCF,0x5D,0x6C,0x78,0x55,0xFA,0xA9,
0x64,0xBB,0x7A};
/*IDA=0xBBD2B0ABFBF2CF5D6C7855FAA964BB7A*/

uint8_t IDB[16]={0xAA,0xF0,0x0F,0x68,0x73,0xD2,0x55,0x60,0x72,0x8E,0x36,0xBA,0x2C,
0x1A,0x1C,0x28};
/*IDB=0xAAF00F6873D25560728E36BA2C1A1C28*/

u16 IDAByteLen=16,IDBByteLen=16;
uint8_t
dA[32]={0x5A,0x86,0x38,0xA7,0x92,0x09,0x8E,0x99,0xE7,0x65,0x30,0x41,0x7E,0xA7,0xE5,

```

0x68,0x74,0xF8,0xBC,0x21,0x5A,0xE6,0x89,0x9E,0x4F,0xE7,0x05,0x05,0xD6,0x3C,  
0x37,0xAC};

/\*dA=0x5A8638A792098E99E76530417EA7E56874F8BC215AE6899E4FE70505D63C37AC\*/

uint8\_t

PA[65]={0x04,0x75,0x0F,0xF5,0x33,0x8E,0xD8,0xF6,0xCD,0x8D,0x8E,0x5B,0xF8,0x6D,0x07,  
0xB2,0xFF,0xFD,0xEE,0x0A,0xEC,0xDF,0x76,0xB2,0xE7,0xE0,0xE3,0x67,0x82,0x5C,  
0xFD,0x0F,0x5F,0x12,0xC2,0xFF,0x52,0x23,0xED,0x06,0xCC,0x18,0x0E,0x94,0x19,  
0x81,0xD2,0xC2,0xBC,0x58,0xA5,0x9A,0xA7,0xD0,0xC9,0x0C,0xA3,0x88,0xD2,  
0xDD,0x3E,0x54,0x78,0xDF,0x3C};

/\*PA=(0x750FF5338ED8F6CD8D8E5BF86D07B2FFFDEE0AECDF76B2E7E0E367825CFD0F5F,0x12  
C2FF5223ED06CC180E941981D2C2BC58A59AA7D0C90CA388D2DD3E5478DF3C)\*/

uint8\_t

dB[32]={0x4F,0x8E,0x22,0xFE,0x49,0xE5,0x71,0xAD,0x94,0x37,0xBC,0x8C,0x95,0x20,0x71,  
0x0E,0xB4,0x49,0x7C,0xD0,0xFA,0x37,0x2D,0x05,0xA4,0xDF,0x0D,0x33,0x96,0xDB,  
0x34,0xC4};

/\*dB=0x4F8E22FE49E571AD9437BC8C9520710EB4497CD0FA372D05A4DF0D3396DB34C4\*/

uint8\_t

PB[65]={0x04,0xBA,0x15,0x5C,0x6C,0x6F,0x65,0x73,0x27,0xA2,0x47,0xA7,0x18,0xEE,0xE5,  
0x70,0x58,0x19,0xB6,0x61,0xD4,0x67,0x64,0xE9,0x8E,0xBD,0x48,0xE1,0x08,0xD1,  
0x4A,0x07,0xBB,0x1F,0xC3,0x8D,0xD3,0x2A,0x7C,0x64,0xA7,0x17,0x30,0xF8,0x42,  
0x91,0x11,0x44,0x96,0x6F,0xDA,0xC8,0xBA,0x6F,0xDB,0x47,0x3E,0x64,0x19,0x4F,  
0x73,0x55,0x47,0x87,0xE1};

/\*PB=(0xBA155C6C6F657327A247A718EEE5705819B661D46764E98EBD48E108D14A07BB,  
0x1FC38DD32A7C64A71730F842911144966FDAC8BA6FDB473E64194F73554787E1)\*/

```
uint8_t rA[32]={0x1C,0x34,0xFB,0x8A,0xDB,0x04,0x38,0xF2,0x75,0xAD,0x59,0x22,0xFF,0x39,  
0xD4,0xFB,0xC4,0xAD,0x6A,0x1C,0xC0,0x66,0xDB,0x04,0x9F,0x07,0x58,0xDA,  
0x38,0xDA,0x32,0x22};
```

```
/*rA=0x1C34FB8ADB0438F275AD5922FF39D4FBC4AD6A1CC066DB049F0758DA38DA3222*/
```

```
uint8_t
```

```
RA[65]={0x04,0x7D,0xEE,0xEC,0x05,0xE7,0xB4,0x9B,0x0E,0xCF,0x1D,0x6A,0xFA,0xE5,  
0x07,0x7B,0xF0,0xF3,0x3A,0x21,0x12,0xCB,0x8D,0x66,0x4C,0x88,0x90,0x26,0x51,  
0x20,0x74,0x95,0x83,0xEE,0x5A,0x68,0x91,0x82,0x1E,0xC8,0x29,0x2B,0x8D,0x41,  
0xE1,0x7D,0x49,0x61,0x3E,0xEA,0xF4,0x1C,0x36,0xD0,0xCE,0x42,0x57,0xD1,  
0xD6,0x76,0xC5,0x36,0x97,0x83,0xF9};
```

```
/*RA=(0x7DEEEEC05E7B49B0ECF1D6AFAE5077BF0F33A2112CB8D664C8890265120749583,0  
xEE5A6891821EC8292B8D41E17D49613EEAF41C36D0CE4257D1D676C5369783F9)*/
```

```
uint8_t
```

```
rB[32]={0xD2,0x17,0xC2,0x13,0x1A,0xE7,0xDD,0xC0,0xBC,0x9E,0x9E,0x7C,0x9C,0x33,0xBA,  
0xDB,0x5E,0x45,0xA6,0xD5,0x61,0x70,0x79,0x46,0x37,0xED,0xA8,0x40,0xF2,0x37,  
0xDF,0x74};
```

```
/*rB=0xD217C2131AE7DDC0BC9E9E7C9C33BADB5E45A6D56170794637EDA840F237DF74*/
```

```
uint8_t
```

```
RB[65]={0x04,0xB1,0xF0,0xFC,0x13,0x30,0x30,0x3A,0x95,0x32,0x7D,0x49,0x61,0xAB,0x56,  
0x22,0xD8,0x56,0x6C,0x02,0xE7,0x0F,0x2B,0x13,0x4B,0x0D,0xA1,0xFC,0x37,0x91,  
0x00,0x9A,0x18,0xC2,0xEC,0x89,0x7E,0x4F,0x59,0xAC,0x38,0xDA,0xA3,0xEE,0x0A,0x68,0x69,  
0x1A,0x60,0x27,0xC4,0xD2,0x65,0xCA,0x30,0x14,0x5E,0xE8,0x94,0xF4,  
0xDA,0x74,0x2A,0xAE,0xA4};
```

```
SM2_getPubKey(priKey, pubKey1);
```

```
SM2_getKey(priKey, pubKey);
```

```
ret=SM2_PointIsOnCrv(pubKey);
if(ret != SM2_isCurve_Ok)
{
    printf("\r\nSM2_PointIsOnCrv is failed");
}
else
{
    printf("\r\nSM2_PointIsOnCrv is Sucessed");
}
SM2_getZ(ID, 16,pubKey,Z);
SM2_GetE(msg, 25, Z,E);
ret = SM2_sign(E, priKey, r, s);

if(ret != SM2_Sign_Ok)
{
    printf("\r\nSM2_sign is failed");
}
else
{
    printf("\r\nSM2_sign is Sucessed");
}
ret = SM2_verify(E, pubKey, r, s);

if(ret != SM2_Verif_Ok)
{
    printf("\r\nSM2_verify is failed");
}
else
{
```

```

    printf("\r\nSM2_verify is Succeeded");
}

ret = SM2_encrypt(msg, 40, pubKey, C, &CByteLen);

if(ret !=SM2_En_Ok)
{
    printf("\r\nSM2_encrypt is Failed!");
}
else
{
    printf("\r\nSM2_encrypt is Succeeded!");
}
ret = SM2_decrypt(C, CByteLen, priKey, M, &MByteLen);

if( ret ==SM2_En_Ok &&
    (Cmp_U8(msg,40,M,40) ==Cmp_EQUAL))
{
    printf("\r\nSM2_decrypt is Succeeded!");
}
else
{
    printf("\r\nSM2_decrypt is Failed!");
}

SM2_ExchangeKey(role1, IDA, IDAByteLen, IDB, IDBByteLen, dA, PA, PB, rA, RA,
RB, kByteLen, KA1, S11, SA1);

ret=SM2_ExchangeKey(role0, IDB, IDBByteLen, IDA, IDAByteLen, dB, PB, PA, rB,
RB, RA, kByteLen, KA2, S12, SA2);

```

```
if(ret != SM2_SUCCESS)
{
    printf("\r\nSM2 key exchange fail\n");
    //return 0x5a5a5a5a;
}
else
{
    flag1=0;
    if ((memcmp(KA1,KA2,33))
        {
            flag1=1;
        }
        if ((memcmp(S11,SA2,32)))
        {
            flag1=1;
        }
        if ((memcmp(S12,SA1,32)))
        {
            flag1=1;
        }
    }
    if (!flag1)
    {
        printf("\r\nSM2 key exchange success\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\r\nSM2 key exchange fail\n");
    }
}
```

```
//return 0x5a5a5a5a;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

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